

The Courier-Gazette.

TWICE-A-WEEK

As the whole people were united in favor of the war, there will be no objection to paying the extra taxes needed. They are so adjusted that the burden will not be heavy upon a nation of 70,000,000.

The Courier-Gazette is authorized to state that the name of N. R. Tolman of Warren, previously announced in these columns, will not be presented at the Republican county convention as a candidate for commissioner.

Several nations are much concerned about what we intend to do with the Philippines. The answer is that we propose to do what we consider right. It would not be right for us to take the risks of a great battle with Spain and then allow an outside nation to run away with our victory.

The landing of United States troops in force near Santiago has been successfully accomplished and there was a forward movement on Wednesday that forced back the Spanish troops. The appearances look toward a rapid drawing of the cord on toward the doomed town. Any hour may bring us news of a heavy engagement, which cannot fail to result in loss to our troops. We have so long been used to reports of fighting by the navy without damage on our side that we will grieve to hear anything different; but land fighting will be a different thing and we must make up our minds to endure some reverses and loss. Additional troops are to go forward to Shafter's support. Nothing new from Manila is received up to this writing. There is a report that the German ships have landed troops there, but this is scouted in circles that ought to know the true situation. There is no call for Germany to get herself into trouble with us by any action of so grave a character.

Leiter's collapse shows that there is no need for statutes to punish persons who corner products. The statutes would, in many cases, hamper legitimate transactions, and thus might do more harm to trade in a month than they could possibly do good in a year. Nature has taken this task out of the hands of the statute makers, and inflicts punishment on the cornerers that is quicker, surer and harder than Congress or Legislatures could impose. Leiter, through the operation of the laws of nature, has paid a heavier debt for his transgression than any court would levy, and there will be no stays of proceedings or new trials in his case. To be sure his punishment will not deter others from attempting, next year or five or ten years hence, to levy tribute in a similar way on the community. But the enactments of Congress or Legislatures would not prevent the recurrence of these offenses. The galleys, the ax, the garrote, the electric chair and other instruments of capital punishment have been in operation for a good many years, but murder has not yet been abolished.

An immense amount of war work which does not appear upon the surface of things has been done in the past two months. About 165,000 out of the 200,000 volunteers under the two calls are now armed and equipped and are in course of active training for their work. Of the 35,000 new enlistments for the regular army authorized by the law passed at the beginning of the war to increase the regular force to 61,000, 15,000 have been made. Service in the regulars for private soldiers has less attraction than in the volunteers and enlistments, consequently are slower, but the quotas in both forces are likely to be filled by the end of the next four weeks. Practically speaking, an army had to be created out of the men after the war began, for the little force of 25,000 regulars would be required for garrison duty at the seaports if all the forts were fully manned. The invading force which has landed in Cuba is composed chiefly of regulars. The next expedition, however, is to comprise many volunteer regiments, and in two or three weeks it is expected that about 100,000 volunteers will be sufficiently trained to meet all the requirements of campaigning in Cuba or Porto Rico. Considering the amount of work which had to be done a very satisfactory degree of progress has been made. The navy, which was in an admirable state of efficiency when the war began, and which did grand work from the beginning, has been considerably increased since then, and has received training of the highest value, and an army of 250,000 men in thorough fighting trim will soon be on hand. These are the physical gains of the past two months. The moral gain of this period are that sectional lines have been blotted out at home and the nation harmonized and solidified, and our friends and foes abroad have revealed themselves.

THE POLITICAL SITUATION

Rockland Democrats Hold Their Caucuses—Delegates and Candidates.

The Democratic caucus in Armory Hall, Tuesday night, was so peaceful and lamblike that the yellow and white cat which belongs to the liquor agency, sat in front of the chairman's chair and never so much as blinked. Ever since Capt. Had Hewett went away there has been a woeful lack of oratorical fireworks in the Democratic gatherings and even the presence of such old stagers and active politicians as S. W. Vezie, C. C. Lovejoy and Alderman Benner was not sufficient to bring a ripple to the surface. Mr. Vezie did decline to serve as secretary of the meeting and attempted to repeat the time-honored custom of bestowing the honor upon Oliver Otis, but the Democrats are emulating the example of the Republican party in getting the young men into line, and George Otis Coombs the prospective candidate for county treasurer was finally selected. The chairman of the meeting was Charles H. Robbins, who succeeded Philip Howard as secretary of the county committee and who is a comparative stranger in the arena of Rockland Democratic politics.

Upon motion of S. L. Hall a committee comprising that gentleman, Oliver Otis and Henry W. Bubier was appointed to select delegates for the state district and county conventions.

This committee was absent some little time (presumably Oliver Otis was hunting for a mislaid list of delegates) but finally emerged and reported the following list of delegates: To the State Convention: Samuel Bryant, S. W. McLoon, Cornelius Doherty, Parker T. Fuller, L. N. Lathrop, J. E. Sherman, Peter D. Lynn and Oliver Otis.

To the District Convention: J. Fred Merrill, Levi M. Robbins, C. C. Lovejoy, Samuel Bryant, J. C. Hill, O. P. Howard, L. F. Starnett and E. O. Head.

To the County Convention: William J. Thurston, E. R. Charles, R. I. Thompson, W. Benner, Peter D. Lynn, Charles E. Price, E. C. Payson, C. C. Lovejoy, John F. Torrey, Charles E. Keyes, Newton H. Perry, Henry A. Howard, George A. Elliot, Artemus Head, George O. Coombs, S. L. Hall, George F. Thomas, Obadiah Gardner and F. P. Witham.

The list was accepted and delegations were directed to fill vacancies.

L. M. Staples of Washington apparently has a dead clutch on the nomination for state senator. He counts on the Rockland laboring men for support and is quoted as saying that he is just as good as elected. Mr. Staples' health is a matter which is giving him more concern than the politics. At the court house the other day he suffered a very serious ill turn and for several hours demanded careful attention.

It is by no means certain that the Democrats have settled upon R. I. Thompson as their candidate for county attorney. Previous to the breaking out of war Philip Howard was conceded to be in direct line for the nomination and was the popular choice. It is understood that he expects to be home before Jan. 1, when the county officers are elected, but the breaking out of war has put the matter in a different light.

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close. That party having failed of acceptance with the people generally and hence adhesion to it becoming merely crankiness, I have done with 'rainbow chasing' and prefer to act with the party under which the country has most prospered during the past 45 years. It will be useless for any person to find a party with which it could agree in all the details of all its acts, but when the question is between the present program of the Democrats and the program of the Republican party it does not take me long to choose."

One of the most interesting announcements regarding the fall campaign is that in response to urgent invitations from Chairman Manley of the Republican state committee and others Lee Fairchild of California is to visit Maine this fall and speak in various parts of the state during the campaign. Few persons in the state have forgotten the hit Fairchild made when he visited us two years ago in the excitement of the national campaign. Among other places in this section, Mr. Fairchild spoke in Thomaston.

The Lincoln Club of Portland, accompanied by Chandler's Band, will attend the Republican State Convention in Augusta next Tuesday and will escort Gov. Powers to the convention hall.

Saco delegates to the Democratic State Convention are instructed to use every effort possible to secure the nomination of Mayor Lord of that city for governor. The Democratic State Convention occurs next Thursday.

Five candidates are said to be seeking the Democratic nomination for sheriff. They are Charles F. Duffy of Camden, A. J. Tolman of this city, J. Warren Gray of Vinalhaven, Arthur U. Patterson of Vinalhaven and John S. Smalley of Tenants Harbor. Mr. Duffy was the nominee two years ago when he defeated Mr. Patterson in a warm fight but was unable to cut the desired amount of ice at the polls in competition with Sheriff Usher. Mr. Gray has previously served as sheriff and Mr. Smalley was one of his deputies. Mr. Tolman enters the field rather unexpectedly and is said to be giving the other aspirants considerable uneasiness. Obadiah Gardner, who was mentioned quite strongly at one time, is not in the field.

There are several Democrats who are anxious to become county treasurer, among them being S. L. Hall, George Otis Coombs and E. C. Payson, all of this city.

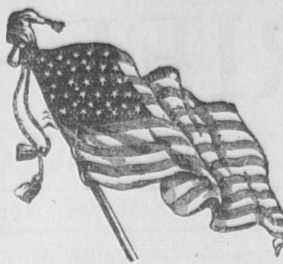
The Republicans of Hope held a caucus at the town house Saturday, June 18, and elected delegates as follows: State senator, L. S. Fogler; county convention, J. H. Hobbs, J. J. Gushue, A. M. Crabtree, M. F. Taylor, Alonzo Carter; district convention, H. E. Gorden.

The Democratic candidates for county commissioner are said to be Fred A. Alden of Union, C. B. Jones of Rockland and Henry S. Sweetland of South Thomaston. Mr. Jones being the choice of the labor unions.

John F. Torrey was present at Monday night's Democratic caucus, the first time for some years. He said he came down to see if they did things as they used to, but he found that a comparatively new set of workers had sprung up.

Latest advices from Admiral Sampson give detail of the wonderful courage of Lieut. Blue, who, on foot and without companion or guide, succeeded in encircling the bay of Santiago within the Spanish lines and counting the enemy's vessels in the bay, with the result of establishing the fact that all of Admiral Cervera's ships are bottled up there by Sampson's squadron.

Treasury department officials are pleased at the number of small subscriptions for the new war bonds, as it indicates that people of small means are thus investing their savings. Bonds of denominations of \$50 and upward can be purchased at postoffices.



NOTES OF THE WAR

Madrid newspapers continue to insist that Spain does not desire peace.

Many relics of the war of the Rebellion have been found by soldiers now in camp at Chickamauga.

Many priests of Mexico are accused of underhand methods in securing sympathy and aid for Spain.

Ten thousand men are to be added to the army of invasion at Santiago, Cuba. Four thousand of these will start this week.

The Cuban allies of our marines at Calimera, Cuba, fought well, going right up to the city and forcing the Spaniards to begin the Spanish lines without the slightest fear.

Japan has no desire to interfere in the Philippine matter, Formosa having furnished all the territorial difficulties now desired.

It is semi-officially announced that England will send a large fleet to Manila if Germany attempts a naval demonstration there.

It is reported that a number of Philadelphia coal dealers will be prosecuted by the government for selling coal to the Spanish government.

A number of Georgia moonshiners have had their sentences modified, so as to be able to join a moonshine regiment now organizing.

Over 5000 Spanish volunteers are reported to have deserted to the insurgents in Cuba since the beginning of Sampson's blockade of Santiago.

Capt. Harrington, detached from command of the monitor Puritan, is in the hospital at Key West, having been stricken with paralysis.

The arrival of cruiser Minneapolis at Newport News completes a flying squadron of seven which is forming for some mysterious mission.

It is strange that some peaceful patriots have not seen fit to complain because the Merrimack was not loaded with bricksbats instead of good American coal.

Weyer believes himself to be a regular man-of-war, but the government at Madrid evidently inclined to distrust the reliability of his coming tower.

The populace of Spain has just been informed of Dewey's overwhelming victory at Manila, and an uprising against the government seems inevitable.

Senator Castelar, the Spanish Republican leader says: "The Yankees resemble a giant shark, desiring to engulf in its capacious maw everything Spanish."

The Attorney General of Great Britain has ruled that in evicting the Spanish spies from Canada the Canadian Government is not liable to be sued for damages.

In anticipation of holding the Philippine Islands the President has offered the position of Collector of Customs for the islands to J. F. Evans of San Francisco.

The dynamite shells fired by the Vesuvius at Santiago fortifications exploded with awful force, the concussion being felt by the vessels of the blockading squadron.

The post offices to be established in Cuba and the Philippines have been placed respectively under charge of the postmasters of New York and San Francisco.

Acting Rear Admiral Sampson, whose actual rank in the navy is that of Captain, will

become a Commodore on July 3, by the retirement of Rear Admiral Kirkland.

The Spanish soldiers, besides their guerrilla methods, wear palm leaves upon their bodies and dirt-colored trousers, so that much difficulty is experienced in finding them.

Col. Roosevelt's men will have to find another name. Their horses could not be conveyed on the transport and they are no longer mounted riflemen or rough riders.

Chicago tea importers lost and the United States Government gained \$40,000 by delay in twenty car loads of tea crossing the Canadian border before the war tax went into effect.

Maj. Gen. Shafter, who is in command of the Santiago expedition, holds a medal of honor awarded to him for distinguished gallantry in the battle of Fair Oaks, Va., May 31, 1862.

Spanish cruelty, so far as America is concerned, commenced in the time of Columbus. The present war effort of Spain is a chance to let Cuba and to settle a very old score at the same time.

When Cervera gazes upon his distressed fleet and hears the roar of Sampson's guns outside the harbor, he is apt to think that the sinking of the Merrimack was an act of supreme mercy.

Private Harry Jackson, of Co. K, 2d New Jersey Infantry, is probably the tallest soldier in the United States army. He is 6 feet 6 1/2 inches in height, and of wonderfully perfect physical development.

In all past wars the United States has invariably started the war with the advantage of the most conflict with. The close of the present war will leave the country in better shape than ever in that respect.

After the declaration of war Spanish guerrillas went through the country districts of Pinar del Rio, burying the pacificos, women, children and old men, and many of the bodies still lie unburied along the roads.

A schooner-rigged warship, painted lead color, mounting three guns on each side, came within one mile of West Quoddy head Monday afternoon, and turned and sailed west. Her identity could not be made out.

The Maine postmasters have received an order from the office of the first assistant postmaster general stating that for the convenience of the troops stationed at Chickamauga park military encampment, a money order office has been opened there as a branch office of the Chickamauga, Tenn., office to be known as Chickamauga Park Postal Station, Chattanooga, Tenn.

Military surgeons familiar with Cuba say the best ration there is bread or hard biscuit, beans, potatoes, beef and mutton.

The only beverage recommended is coffee, not too strong. Alcohol in any form is forbidden. Salt meats should be sparingly used.

The native Cubans and Porto Ricans drink coffee habitually, and, though not large, they are well built, agile and healthy.

Veteran members of Portland military companies met Monday evening, and organized for the purpose of furnishing the Portland companies at Chickamauga with many things which they need, but with which the government does not supply them.

A surprise occurred at the commencement of the meeting for it had generally been supposed that the Maine troops were well cared for at Chickamauga, but a dozen gentlemen had letters from the "boys" and they were all to the effect that the troops were neglected, and some went so far as to say that they were starving.

One letter from an officer stated that as a result of an investigation in regard to the lack of food it had been discovered that the contractors had been cheating the Maine regiment out of half a ton of meat a week.

It is stated that Gen. Brooke, Gen. Wade and others have recommended to the war department that no troops be removed from Chickamauga until the date of the departure of an invading expedition is fixed. Transports, they think, can be loaded with supplies and ammunition in advance. Then, with just enough time to make the journey, the troops can be moved directly from the camp to the ports and marched at once, fully equipped, on shipboard.

The generals suggest that this a better way than to move the troops to the camps, then again hold them until the expedition is ready to start. They believe a higher degree of efficiency can be maintained by their plan and that much of the confusion and delay encountered in the departure from Tampa can be avoided.

The names given to the 15 torpedo boat destroyers are those of America's famous naval heroes—Bainbridge, Barry, Chauncey, Dale, Decatur, Hopkins, Hull, Lawrence, MacDonough, Paul Jones, Perry, Preble, Stewart, Trueman, Whipple and Worden.

The names applied to the torpedo boats are those of lesser fame, but still of glorious memory. Besides Bagley's they are Barney, Biddle, Blakely, Delong, Nicholson, O'Brien, Shubrick, Stockton, Thornton, Tingey, Wilkes.

Kennebec Journal—There has been no information received by the adjutant general relative to the dispatch sent out from Washington, saying that Battery would be asked to furnish three heavy batteries as the remainder of her quota under the second call for troops.

Corbin has made up the appropriation as the papers have stated, but as yet no official notice of the matter has been sent to the state officials. It is too early to ascertain who will make up the batteries, but it looks as though the members of the 2d Regiment would be the ones. Already Major F. A. Robinson has tendered the services of the second battalion, and doubtless the other majors will do the same as soon as they ascertain the desires of their commands.

There will be either 450 or 600 men wanted, which depends upon the number specified in the instructions from the war department. If it is 450 or 150 men to a battery, as Battery A is made up, it will take about the exact number from the State as the quota figures, with three hundred men that will be added to the 1st Regiment from their three recruiting stations. In any case, though it would take about all the men that there are in the present 10 companies of the 2d Regiment, it would necessitate the turning down of a large number of officers of the present organization and the men would strenuously object to this. Should the three batteries be assigned to stations in this State, the adjutant general would make a great effort to have them formed as a battalion, and have a major placed in command over them.

SHAFTER'S MEN SAFE ON LAND.

Are Encamped on the Hills In and Around Baiguiri.

MET WITH NO HOSTILE OPPOSITION

Six Thousand Were Sent Ashore Before Five O'clock on Wednesday—Copyrighted Special to New York Says Entire Army Was Landed Before One O'clock on Thursday—Departments at Washington Have No Official Information to That Effect—Other Dispatches Relating to the War.

Baiguiri Harbor, Cuba, June 22, via Kingston, Ja., June 23.—At 5 o'clock this afternoon 6000 trained American soldiers are encamped in the hills in and around Baiguiri, and 10,000 more rest on their arms on board transports off shore, ready to join those who have debarked as soon as the available launches and small boats can carry them ashore.

Time and sea and weather were propitious for the army of invasion. The army and the navy co-operated splendidly, and as the big warships closed in on the shore to pave the way for the approach of the transports and then went back again, three cheers for the army, and three cheers for the navy, were heard from the army rose from ship after ship as the transports moved in to take their share in the hazardous game. It was war, and it was magnificent.

The Cuban insurgents, too, bore their share in the enterprise, honorably and well. Five thousand of them, in mountain fastnesses and dark thickets of ravines, lay all last night on their guns, watching every road and mountain path leading from Santiago to Guantanamo.

A thousand of them were within sight of Baiguiri, making the approach of the Spaniards under cover of the darkness an impossibility.

At 4 o'clock this morning, as the Associated Press dispatch boat approached Baiguiri, the entire island of Cuba seemed wrapped in soft mist—like that of the dog days in northern latitudes. Dull, leaden clouds lay on the eastern horizon, and the color was reflected in the gray waters of the ocean, which gently undulated in the lazy breeze. Distant objects loomed dimly, but it was seen that many of the troops had been lying several miles in the offing had drawn in towards the shore, while three or four warships lay menacingly near the harbor approach. All around the transports steam launches and small boats were bobbing about like corks, the first indication of the true object of the undertaking.

An hour later the sun was rising in the eastern sky, touching the mountain tops with patches of light green, and revealing the great semi-circle of troops, some close to the coast line, others a mile distant, with their decks crowded with eager, expectant men, impatient to begin the great movement of destiny, to make a new chapter in the history of America, the first invasion by our army of a foreign country in half a century.

As the dispatch boat of the Associated Press ran closer, near where the New Orleans was lying with her great Armstrong guns trained on Baiguiri, tongues of lurid flame and black smoke were seen rising from the town, the inevitable consequence of war, and a sure sign that the Spaniards had gone, leaving a ruin behind them.

The captain of the New Orleans shouted to the dispatch boat, adding: "You had better keep off a little. You are in range. They have a rifle on the hill on the eastern side of Baiguiri."

There is a steep, rocky hill, known as Punta Baiguiri, rising almost perpendicularly at the place indicated. It is a veritable Gibraltar in the line of defense. From the staff at its summit the Spanish flag was defiantly floating at sunset last night, but it was gone this morning, and with it the small Spanish guard which had maintained the signal station. Between nightfall and dawn the Spaniards had taken the alarm and had fled from the place, firing the town as they left. The flames were watched with interest from the ships. Two sharp explosions were heard. At first they were thought to be the report of guns from Spanish masked batteries, but they proved to be the explosion of ammunition in the burning buildings.

Three hours waiting made the men on the transports impatient to get ashore and in action, and every move of the warships was closely watched by the soldiers.

A little before 9 o'clock the bombardment of the batteries of Jaragua was begun by the ships of Rear Admiral Sampson's fleet. This was evidently a feint to cover the real point of attack. Jaragua being about half way between Baiguiri and Santiago. The bombardment lasted about 20 minutes.

The scene then quickly shifted back again to the great semi-circle of the transport fleet before Baiguiri. At 9:40 o'clock the New Orleans opened fire. The Detroit, Waip, Machias and Suwannee followed suit, amid the wild and excited cheering of the soldiers on the transports.

In five minutes the sea was alive with flotillas of small boats, headed by launches, speeding for Baiguiri dock. Some of the boats were manned by crews of sailors, while others were rowed by the soldiers themselves. Each boat contained 16 men, every one in fighting trim, and carrying three days' rations, a shelter tent, a gun and 200 cartridges. The firing of the warships proved to be a needless precaution, as the Spaniards were not returned, and no Spaniards were visible.

Two correspondents of the Associated Press in a small boat joined the first flotilla that went ashore and witnessed

the inspiring sight of the landing. General Shafter, on board the Segurama, closely watched the landing of the troops. Brigadier General Lawton, who had been detailed to command the landing party, led the way in a launch, accompanied by his staff, and directed the formation of the line of operations.

A detachment of the Eighth regiment regular infantry soldiers was the first to land, followed by General Shafter's old regiment, the First infantry. Then came the Twenty-fifth infantry, the Twenty-second infantry, the Tenth infantry, the Seventh and Twelfth infantry, the Second Massachusetts regiment and a detachment of the Ninth cavalry.

The boats rushed forward simultaneously from every quarter in good natured rivalry to be the first, and their occupants scrambled over one another to leap ashore. At the end of the pier the companies and regiments quickly lined up and were marched away.

General Lawton threw a long detachment for the night about six miles west on the road to Santiago, and another detachment was posted to the north of the town among the hills. Others of the troops were quartered in deserted houses, while others still preferred the shelter of their tents in the adjoining fields.

The morning's fire, it was seen, destroyed the round house, the repair shops and several small dwellings. The town was deserted when the troops landed, but women and children soon appeared from the surrounding thickets and returned to their homes.

The landing was accomplished without loss of life, the only casualty being the wounding of an insurgent on the beach by a shell from one of our warships. He will lose his arm.

The insurgent troops at Baiguiri are commanded by General Castillo and are estimated to number 1000 men.

ALL ARE ASHORE.

Shafter's Men Landed on Cuban Soil Says a New York Special.

New York, June 23.—A copyrighted special from Playa del Este, Cuba says: At 10 o'clock this morning the entire invading army, which arrived off Santiago under command of General Shafter, had landed at Baiguiri.

The 2000 troops which had landed by 11 a. m. yesterday were increased to 5000 by 2 o'clock.

There was no interference from shore after the first few scattering shots which were fired by the Spaniards early in the morning.

The landing was mostly done at the little trestle that runs down into the bay on the east side of the harbor, and which was used by the Carnegie iron company for loading ore on vessels.

This dock and trestle are about 12 miles east of Santiago.

At 3 o'clock this morning the Texas made a feint to the west, running inshore and back, and showing her lights. The western batteries opened fire, and the Texas replied with a remarkable exhibition of marksmanship. Meanwhile the transports were ready at the mines to send the troops ashore.

All the small gunboats opened fire at the coast all the way from Santiago to the mines.

The attack of the Texas and the gunboats on the batteries between Santiago and Baiguiri resulted in the silencing of all the batteries along the coast, and prevented the Spaniards from sending enough troops to the eastward from Santiago to interfere in the slightest degree with the landing of the army.

AT THE CAPITAL.

Nothing New Is Heard From the Seat of War in Cuba.

Washington, June 23.—The military situation at Santiago so far as the war and navy departments know it remains precisely as it was at sundown yesterday. Troops are being landed from General Shafter's corps, and this landing has not yet been completed. Neither Shafter nor Sampson has reported since the morning of the 22d that the landing is completed, and that the troops are in the hands of the press reports, that only one landing in a military sense had been made, but naturally with so large a number of transports to be discharged, the troops have been scattered up and down the beach.

The cable station is within seven miles of the point where the debarkation is going on. The officials here say that this work cannot be completed for several days, although, of course, the troops without their supplies may be all ashore before that time.

It is gathered from these, taken in connection with the press reports, that only one landing in a military sense had been made, but naturally with so large a number of transports to be discharged, the troops have been scattered up and down the beach.

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The

EVERYBODY'S COLUMN

Advertisements in this column not to exceed five lines inserted once for 25 cents, four times for 90 cents.

Lost and Found

LOST—June 2, between Appleton and Rockport via No. Appleton and Hope, a pocket book containing notes and papers. The finder will be rewarded by leaving the same with the subscriber or at the P. O. Address. **ALFRED C. EDGE-COMBS.** 49792

LOST—June 9, dark bay horse, little white on hind feet, small white star on forehead, from pasture of Sidney Butler, near Mt. Pleasant. Will the finder please return to **MR. BUTLER, P. O. Address, So. Hope, Maine.** 49793

LOST—Probably left in some store on Main street, a pair of spectacles, metal frame, curved side pieces, in a red leather case. Leave at **COURIER-GAZETTE OFFICE.** 49

For Sale

FOR SALE—In Warren, near Malcomb's Corner, six acre place with one-story brick house, shed, stable, etc. Good orchard, well of water. At a bargain. Apply to **G. H. ROBERTS** at Pleasant Point, Cushing, Me. 5117

FOR SALE—A business of twenty-eight years, Main Beacher's Hair Dye. For further information apply at 106 PLEASANT ST., Rockland. 5118

FOR SALE—100 cords Pitted Wood for sale cheap. Apply to **G. H. RICKENELL.** 5119

FOR SALE—A 14-foot boat in good repair. Will be sold cheap for cash. For further information apply to **W. H. PERKINS, Warren, Me.** 5120

HORSES FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—The principal part of the horses used in hauling from the Shepherd quarry, weighing from 1100 to 1200 lbs. These horses will be shown at the stable, Pleasant St., Rockport, where they will be placed and pulled to purchaser's satisfaction. Also stables, harnesses, etc. Get off at Kells' siding, Rockport CORNHILL. 5121

FARM FOR SALE—The Homestead of the late Warren Benner, situated in Waldoboro on the Union road. Buildings in good condition, falling water in pasture, and mowing fields in good condition. A year's supply of fire wood fitted and hauled. Everything in shape to commence farming operations. A meadow and lumber lot not connected with the homestead will be sold also. The property will positively be sold at a bargain. For full particulars call on, or address **E. T. BENNER, No. Warren, or C. A. BENNER, Rockport, Me.** 49794

THE FARM OF THE LATE G. V. CROUGHTON of Warren, Me., located about four miles from Warren Village on the middle road to Union, bordering on Georges River. The farm contains about 100 acres divided as follows: 35 acres of heavy growth of mixed wood and timber—one of the best in Knox Co.; 25 acres of tillage and balance of pasture land; 100 fruit trees. Buildings in good repair. House contains twelve rooms pleasantly situated. The barn 53 ft. long, with mowing and carriage house very conveniently connected. Apply to **G. A. CROUGHTON, W. J. CROUGHTON, of Lynn, Mass.; HERBERT L. VAUGHAN, Warren, Me.** 49795

FOR SALE—At No. Union, house and stable, horse built, four rooms, new, painted last year, thoroughly well built, house finished in hardwood, stable all planned lumber, chert in house and stable, with stone chimney, for further information write to or inquire of owner, **WILLIAM E. CUMMINGS, Union, Me.** 49796

LARGE STOCK of various dry cattle, lot 5000, located No. 15 Birch street, near North Main street. The house is entirely new, has never been occupied, and is offered for sale at less than cost. Address **J. N. FAIRBANKS, 32 Cedar Street.** 5122

THE HOUSE AND LOT corner Suffolk and Linden streets, Rockland, Me., for sale. Will be sold at a low figure and on easy terms. Apply to **THOMAS BLACK, No. 40 Masonic St.** 5123

FOR RENT—Advertise in this column and everybody will know of it.

THE HOMESTEAD of the late John A. Emery, located at Ingraham's Hill, one mile from the Rockland postoffice. The buildings consist of a two-story dwelling house and outhouse, in good repair. A barn 50 ft. long, with mowing and carriage house very conveniently connected. The property will be sold at a bargain. Apply to **MR. J. A. EMERY, on the premises, or to E. H. LAWLEY, Rockland, Me.** 49797

To Let

SUNNYSIDE and my smaller cottage at Owl's Head to let for the season of 1898. Apply to **W. F. NORRIS, Drug Store, Rockland, Me.** 49798

TENEMENT AND STORE at 15 Pleasant St. Price reasonable. Apply to **A. W. BENNER, next door.** 49799

SUMMER COTTAGE at Pulpit Harbor (Beach) 6 rooms, furnished, by week or for season, rent low. For terms, etc., address **C. F. BROWN, Pulpit Harbor, Me.** 49800

FURNISHED apartments, en suite or single, at 5 MIDDLE ST., Rockland, Maine. 5124

TO LET—If your advertisement is in this column everybody is sure to read it. Costs next to nothing.

DESIRED TENEMENT on Gurdy Street, also single cottage on Broadway. Apply to **C. E. LITTLEFIELD.** 5125

Wanted

GIRLS for general housework, nurses and the like. Apply to **MISS L. C. HEDGECOCK, 7 Grove Street, Rockland, Me.** Oct. 1

SWAMEN WANTED for Coasting. Good wages. Apply to **W. F. TIBBETTS, U. S. Shipping Commissioner, Rockland.** 5126

RELIABLE MAN to represent an "Old Line" life insurance company, having large business in force. For city of Rockland and vicinity. Liberal contract to right party. Address **P. O. Box 409, Portland, Me.** 5127

BOYS AND GIRLS desiring profitable home employment, spare moments, or full time. Please enclose stamp and address, **W. W. SMITH, Edgemoor, Warren, Maine.** 5128

WANTED—If you want anything state the fact in this column. You'll have plenty of answers.

WANTED—One or two first-class parties to board in a private family. Address **P. O. Box 512.** 5129

Miscellaneous

PASTURAGE—Good pasturage for horses or cattle on the John Oakes farm in Union. Stock well looked after. Price 35 cents per week. Apply on the premises or to **LITTLEFIELD, Rockland.** 5130

WANTED—Boys, Girls and Ladies to sell our "Paw, Coffee and Spice and Curry" at each Air Ride or High Grade Bicycle, Ten or Dinner Set. High Grade Bicycle for 100 lbs. Paw, Curry for 5 lbs. Air Ride 5 lbs., Dinner Set 60, 70 and 100 lbs. Write for catalogue and price list. **W. M. SCOTT & CO.,** Ten Importers, 55 Main St., Rockland, Me. 5131

ATTENTION BOYS! Standard Foot Ball BUREAU! A grand outfit for school children. **ACME NOVELTY CO.,** No. Vassalboro, Me. 5132

This Year's Rose Festival. The date for the rose festival of the State Pomological Society is August has not been fixed, but will be regulated by the time when strawberries ripen—between the 29th of June and July 7. The show will be confined to strawberries, roses and other blossoming plants. It is expected that thousands of the state will make a general display. The local details of the exhibition are in the hands of Miss Sanborn, the Augusta florist.

Important. Our stock of Rugs, Carpets and Mouldings is now complete and includes all the latest novelties. We can match a paper to any carpet, draperies or furnishings. We are always pleased to show our goods and guarantee the lowest prices. **SPEAR, MAY & STOVER.**

TALK OF THE TOWN.

The Henry G. Tibbitt's house on Limerock street, owned by George W. Hicks, has been repainted in light colors.

Park street residents are highly delighted over the stretch of new cross plank which has just been laid by Commissioner Derby's crew between Highland street and the termination of the brick walk.

The construction of the Vinalhaven telephone company's plant in this city and vicinity is proving a godsend to many workmen who would otherwise have been out of employment this summer.

Work on the foundation for the John Bird Co.'s new block is progressing finely. A portion Sea Street in that vicinity is roped off for the present but the people are only too willing to undergo the trifling inconvenience for the sake of seeing such a valuable structure going up.

The list of battalion appointments in the Cadet Corps at the University of Maine includes Cyrus W. Crockett of this city as a second lieutenant and Harvey B. Cushman of this city as a sergeant. The Rockland contingent in this institution seems to have risen from the ranks.

William Kalloch of Rankin street, who has the reputation of raising such a fine flock of turkeys every season, is feeling justly elated because a setting of 18 eggs has just netted 18 young turkeys. Another setting of 18 eggs netted 17, and what a fine record this will be duly appreciated by people who have undertaken to raise either chickens or turkeys. Mr. Kalloch has 40 turkeys so far with lots of eggs to hear from.

S. Osgood Andros, who recently arrived home from Detroit, Mich., will remain here until July 1st, when he goes to the summer school at Amherst. Returning he will remain until Oct. 1st when he becomes private tutor in the family of a Mr. Ford, who is president of a steel and iron manufacturing in Ohio. This family contemplates spending the winter traveling on the Pacific Slope and Mr. Andros of course will accompany them. He has a most excellent position and is splendidly adapted to fill it. He is receiving many congratulations on his good fortune.

The grand patriotic moving picture and war drama will be given at the First Baptist church next Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. It is a grand and realistic reproduction of scenes and incidents of the war in Cuba, exposing Spain's heartless and inhuman warfare on the brave sons and daughters of Liberty in Cuba. Over 100 magnificent views will be illustrated by the latest and most wonderful invention, the electrometric cinematograph, showing the views in beautiful colors and life-like action. The blowing up of our gallant warship Maine will be one of the incidents illustrated. Rev. Thomas E. Leyden of Boston, a noted preacher, lecturer and traveler, will describe the scenes. Tickets 25 cents, children 15 cents.

Hon. H. L. Shepherd of Rockport has a model trout pond, and he has written to Hon. L. T. Carleton, chairman of the fish and game commission, to see if he can get some young fry. The pond is in a deserted lime quarry and the water is from thirty to sixty feet in depth, one acre in area and clear as crystal. One of the company's employees caught sixty or seventy trout there a few years ago and this year took forty, which ranged all the way from ten to eighteen inches in length. It occurred to Mr. Shepherd that it might be a good scheme to stock this little artificial lake.

Chairman Carleton thinks that in due time he will send the Rockport gentleman a thousand or so such a matter, young trout and salmon—Lewiston Journal.

What promises to be a very pleasing and successful custom was inaugurated Wednesday evening when the Rockland High School Alumni Association held its reception to the graduating class. About 200 were present, including graduates, faculty of the High school, members of the school board and wives or husbands of the graduates. The class which held the largest representation was that of 1896 from which 22 were present. The class of 1897 had eight representatives present out of a total of 14 who graduated 26 years ago. This was the class with which our present mayor, Albert W. Butler, graduated. The members were more than proud of their showing. The reading of the list of graduates was attended with considerable interest and an amusing incident occurred when the name of one young graduate was announced as it will read after a certain very important event has occurred in a few days. The reception began at 8 o'clock, and occurred in Odd Fellows Hall, the use of which was kindly tendered the graduates through the persuasion of Mr. A. Johnson, president of the Alumni. Interspersed through the evening was a very pleasing musical program which included vocal solos by Miss Alice Marsh, Miss Sarah M. Hall and Dr. T. E. Tibbitts, piano solos by Mrs. A. J. Bird and Miss Mabel Holbrook, guitar by Harold Dunbar, and Harry P. Leach. Miss Hall also favored the gathering informally during the intermission, one of her selections being "Loch Lomond." Light refreshments, consisting of ice cream and cake were served in the banquet hall, the class of '97 furnishing the waiters. The business meeting concluded the evening's exercises. Mayor Butler was named as president but declined owing to his numerous official duties and J. E. Rhodes, one of the assistants in the High school was selected. The other officers were as follows: Vice president, Harold Dunbar; secretary and treasurer, Helen S. Knowlton; executive committee, the above named officers and Mrs. H. I. Hicks, Mrs. A. W. Butler, Mrs. Emily Hitchcock and L. E. Moulton. The event was a thoroughly delightful one considering that it was the first reception which the association has given, and in point of attendance it was a success beyond all expectations. The executive committee has the matter of an annual outing in hand, and due announcement will be given in these columns.

SUMMER EXCURSIONS. Sterner Merryconeg, Capt. Archibald, is advertised for two excursions—to Bangor July 3, and Portland, Monday, July 4. The Bangor excursion leaves Tillson's wharf at 7 a. m. and Camden at 7:45, and leaves Bangor at 4 p. m. the fare for the beautiful trip only 50 cts. Car leaves Thompson at 6 o'clock to connect with the boat. The 4th of July excursion to Portland leaves Tillson wharf at 5 a. m. and arrives in Portland in season to take in the festivities of the day and the round trip fare is only 51 cts.

Capt. Crockett on steamer Catherine celebrates the glorious Fourth with an excursion from Thompson, Rockland and Camden. The steamer leaves Tillson's wharf at 6 o'clock and Camden at 7:15, arriving in season for the big celebration. Car from Thompson leaves at 6 o'clock to connect with the boat.

Sale of Real Estate. In pursuance of the decree of the court in the estate of Isaac Hix, late of South Thompson, granted by U. S. Meeservey, Judge of Probate, notice is hereby given that said sale will take place at the office of Thordike & Hix, of 200 Pine Street, Rockland, Saturday, July 9, 1898, at 2 o'clock p. m.

H. I. HIX, Agent.

N. Waterhouse of Rockville is learning the conductor's art on the electric road.

A. S. Rice has raised a large flag in front of his residence on Union and Middle streets. Mrs. Carrie Burpee Shaw desires The Courier-Gazette to announce to her piano pupils that she is ready to resume her classes.

Capt. William P. Hurley has moved from Union street into the Hurley tenement on Summer street lately occupied by A. H. Jones.

The concert at the Methodist church Monday night for the benefit of the blind boy suffering with St. John's Day. His position on the Maine Central is taken meanwhile by Albert Berry.

There has been a trolley party nearly every night this week. It is a very popular mode of amusement, while the stores which deal in horns apparently are doing a rushing business.

Frank Keizer is having a week's vacation in order to properly assist his brother masons in celebrating St. John's Day. His position on the Maine Central is taken meanwhile by Albert Berry.

While swimming in the McLain quarry Wednesday afternoon a lad named Bert Wardwell struck his head against a sharp rock, inflicting a severe scalp wound. He walked into the city and received prompt treatment from Dr. F. B. Adams.

Fuller & Cobb sent George Moorehouse, their skilled decorator, over to Vinalhaven to do the decorations for the graduation, and that accounts for the success of that portion of the affair. Mr. Moorehouse took a thousand yards of bunting with him.

We have still on hand a number of the big War Atlases which are such a help in understanding the position of our naval squadron and our armies in the field. Every port is shown on a map, and the other information contained in the Atlas is worth many times its cost—25 cents at this office.

Rockland was honored Tuesday by a visit from nine special agents of insurance companies. The visitors were Mr. Burpee of the New Hampshire Fire Insurance Co., J. J. Cornish of the Magdalenburg Insurance Co., W. B. McLellan of the Insurance Company of the State of Pennsylvania, Edwin Farwell of the Traders Insurance Co., Mr. Steele of the Continental Fire Insurance Co., George B. Macomber of the Insurance Company of North America, Mr. F. Bartlett of the Mercantile Fire Insurance Co. and Hamburg-Bremen Co., Mr. Goddard of the North British American Co. and A. W. Sewell of the Union Fire Insurance Co.

Cassandra M., widow of the late S. H. Gurdy, died Wednesday of pneumonia. She sustained a bad fall only a few weeks ago from the effects of which she never fully recovered. The deceased was a daughter of Benjamin and Hattie Marden and was born in Vermont. She was 77 years of age and her long and useful life was full of acts of kindness and love which will ever be remembered by the surviving relatives and friends.

She was a woman of firm christian character and her influence was felt by all with whom she came in contact. Her death was a great loss to her family and to the community. She was survived by two children, Harry O. Gurdy, secretary of the Rockland Loan & Building Association, and Mrs. Charles F. Ingraham.

Lewis Allen, aged nine, adopted son of Mr. and Mrs. George Allen, who reside just west of the line of Thompson, was drowned Wednesday afternoon. The boy in company with another lad named Albert Brown were rowing around the Munroe-Austin quarry on a raft, the third passenger on which was a dog. When near the middle of the pond the dog suddenly jumped from the raft into the water and the commotion capsize the craft. The little Brown boy managed to cling to the raft until help came in the persons of his father and Nelson McLean, but the Allen boy was unable to do so and he was drowned before he could reach him. The body was recovered after dragging about an hour.

The summer steambus service of six trips a week to Boston went into effect Friday, June 24. Steamers leave Rockland for Boston on Mondays at 6:30 p. m. and on other days except Sunday at 7:30 p. m. Returning they leave Boston daily, except Sunday at 5 a. m. On their up-river trips the boats leave daily, except Monday, at 5 a. m., or upon arrival from Boston. Returning they leave Bangor at noon at 2 p. m., on other days except Sunday. Boats leave for Pulpit Harbor daily, except Monday, at 5:30 a. m., and returning they leave Pulpit Harbor daily, except Sunday at 1 p. m. The mail service went into effect with the change.

The ill health of Dr. Byron D. Spencer is keenly regretted by his friends and intimates, necessitating as it does his retiring from practice in Rockland. When Dr. Spencer came here last winter he stepped into favor at once and secured a practice of such size that he was soon able to resign his position as a physician. The effort to make all calls upon his skill and time, abetted by an attack of grippe that prostrated him in the winter, has proved beyond Dr. Spencer's strength. The season of rest that he is now taking will enable him later to resume practice in some climate more favorable than our coast affords. Dr. Spencer is possessed of a combination of skill as a physician and manner as a gentleman that win him friends on every hand.

Dr. R. J. Wagstaff, lately of Union, has taken the Dr. Cole board at 23 Summer street and will succeed to the practice of Dr. B. D. Spencer, who is compelled to retire from his place here by reason of ill-health. Dr. Wagstaff is a graduate of the Hahnemann Medical College of Philadelphia, a homeopathist, of which he served as a house physician and surgeon. Previous to coming to Union (where he also succeeded Dr. Spencer) he was associated with Dr. H. L. Norton, professor of anatomy in Hahnemann, in the latter's private office. Dr. Wagstaff has a high reputation as a surgeon and general practitioner during his stay in Union and will be received with favor in Rockland where he is already well known. He will continue the electrical treatment with the static machine inaugurated by Dr. Spencer.

LETTER TO MR. FRED R. SPEAR, ROCKLAND

Dear Sir: The following conversation recently took place in our store in New York:

Customer: "I want to get some 'cheap' paint to do a 'cheap' job."

Clerk: "Well, you want our Lead and Zinc Paint then; not a 'cheap' paint."

Customer: "Why so?"

Clerk: "For two reasons—1st 10 gals. of our Lead and Zinc Paint at \$1.50 per gal. will cover well as 15 gals. of a cheap paint at \$1.25 per gal. 2d, if it takes a painter two days to spread 10 gals. it will take him three days to spread 15 gals."

These are the two reasons why a low priced paint costs more than a pure paint.

Yours truly,
F. W. DEVORE & CO.

FREE! FREE!

Until July 4.

Like Most Everything Else

HAIR GOODS

have advanced in price, but having a large stock on hand which was purchased before the advance, I shall not only dispose of them at a very low price but will give to each purchaser of a

Switch or Crimps

A Useful Gift.

These Articles that are to be Given away Absolutely Free, are not Cheap, Shop. Your goods but something every lady would be pleased to wear.

Rockland Hair Store,

400 Main Street, Up Stairs, over Mrs. Crockett's.

Bedding Plants

Large English Pansies, Finest Mixed Asters, Phlox Drummondii, Marguerite Pinks, Verbenas, Petunias, Dahlias, etc., etc.

C. M. TIBBETTS

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Harry Dunbar is clerking in C. A. Haskell's in place of A. R. Bachelder, who goes on his vacation shortly.

Rockland will celebrate the glorious Fourth with a big horse race on Knox park in the afternoon. Berry Bros. advertise three good races in the 2:37, 2:30 and 2:12 classes, trot and pace, with purses amounting to \$375. The entries close next Tuesday and we hope to see a big field of horses.

The Art and Wall Paper Co., H. F. Addison manager, will move about July 1st from their present quarters into the Albert Smith store recently vacated by Alexander Singer, the tailor. The firm is to make a specialty of picture framing, bicycles, wall paper and stationery.

The summer train service on the Maine Central goes into effect next Monday. The first train out of Rockland will leave at 5 a. m. and will be under the charge of Frank Keizer. Trains will leave at 5 and 8 a. m. and 1:30 p. m. and on Sunday only at 11:45 a. m. The railroad notice in our advertising columns gives full particulars.

Fire destroyed the well known lime kiln at Islesboro Friday night. The kiln and wharf were owned by Sullivan Bros. of Rockland, and was partially covered by insurance. The crew had been at work near the kiln during the day, and had it already for firing on Saturday morning. There was no fire around the buildings during the day, but a strong fire burst out about midnight, and the buildings, kiln and a portion of the wharf were destroyed.

The Vinalhaven & Rockland Steamboat Company announces its summer service on the Stonington and Rockland via Vinalhaven and Islesboro route. Commencing next Monday the steamer Gov. Knox will leave Stonington every week day at 6 a. m. and Vinalhaven at 7:15 a. m., and 1:30 p. m., for Rockland, via Hurricane Isle. Returning she will leave Tillson wharf, Rockland, at 9:30 a. m. for Hurricane Isle and Vinalhaven, and at 3:30 p. m. for Hurricane Isle, Vinalhaven and Stonington.

The state convention of the Epworth League, which was to have been held at Northport Campground in September has been cancelled. Lorenzo S. Robinson of this city, who is the state president of the League, says that this was done in order to make more of a success of the first general conference district convention which will be held in Bangor July 5-8. This is really in line with the plan of President Robinson suggested some months ago.

A corporation known as the Star Refining Company has been organized here for the purpose of advancing the interests of the process lately invented by E. E. Dunbar, for the refining of linotype, stereotype, habbitt and all kinds of metal. The capital stock of the company is \$100,000, the par value of each share being \$100. The officers are as follows: President, W. B. Nash; treasurer, W. S. Mitchell; directors, W. B. Nash, E. Dunbar, W. S. Mitchell, James Mitchell and J. A. Mitchell. The certificate of incorporation was approved June 17 by Attorney General William T. Haines.

There was a brief but interesting hearing in the Probate court office Wednesday forenoon upon the petition to have a guardian appointed for Mrs. John Tuckerman, W. R. Prescott, who appeared for the petitioners represented that Mrs. Tuckerman was apparently the victim of a systematic scheme and did not possess sufficient strength of mind or body to care for herself. C. M. Walker appeared for Mrs. Tuckerman, and as usual of late when these two attorneys come together on a case the sparks of legal satire flew. The audience was a limited one but the members thereof felt that they more than got their money's worth.

As the Courier-Gazette was making preparations to go to press, Main street and the residential portion of the city was being elaborately decorated in honor of the pilgrimage to this city of Maine Commandery, Knights Templar of Gardiner. The visiting commandery arrived on the regular forenoon train and was met at the depot by Claremont Commandery and the Spruce Head Band.

Then followed a parade over the principal streets including Birch street where Mayor Butler welcomed the visitors in behalf of the city, after which dinner was served at the Thorndike Hotel. This (Friday) afternoon there will be a trolley ride to Rockport and Camden with parades in each town and the St. Knight will return in time for supper at the Thorndike. Tonight there will be a ball in Elmwood Hall. Saturday forenoon the Commandery will visit Thomaston, where they will visit the state prison and give a parade. Still in brief the outline, for the celebration here of St. John's Day and let everybody share with the local Masons in giving the visitors such a good time as will make them believe that the Kennebec Valley isn't the only hospitable spot in Maine. The Courier-Gazette of Tuesday will tell all about the pilgrimage.

OAK HILL GROVE THEATRE

This popular place of amusement is enjoying a prosperous run this week, and the entertainment is the best that Manager Carey has furnished this season. Each act is of a high standard and cannot be excelled in any of the larger cities, as all the artists are engaged direct from the leading vaudeville theatres of Boston and New York. The entertainments are especially pleasing to ladies and children as nothing is said or done to offend the most fastidious, and no one need have fear of attending as it is Mr. Carey's intention to furnish nothing but the best. Performances are given every evening rain or shine; after which a social dance is given. One admission to all. Last car leaves the grove after the dance.

FREE! FREE!

Until July 4.

Like Most Everything Else

HAIR GOODS

have advanced in price, but having a large stock on hand which was purchased before the advance, I shall not only dispose of them at a very low price but will give to each purchaser of a

Switch or Crimps

A Useful Gift.

These Articles that are to be Given away Absolutely Free, are not Cheap, Shop. Your goods but something every lady would be pleased to wear.

Rockland Hair Store,

400 Main Street, Up Stairs, over Mrs. Crockett's.

Bedding Plants

Large English Pansies, Finest Mixed Asters, Phlox Drummondii, Marguerite Pinks, Verbenas, Petunias, Dahlias, etc., etc.

C. M. TIBBETTS

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WITH THE CHURCHES

W. M. Brewster of Rockland will preach at the Willow street chapel Sunday 10:30 and 7:30 all are welcome.

The late Dea. Albert Richardson of Jefferson bequeathed \$1,000 each to the Foreign and Home Missionary societies, and \$500 to the First Baptist church of Jefferson, of which he was a member for nearly 70 years.

J. T. Coombs of Pulpit Harbor is supplying the pulpit of the Baptist church at Atlantic for a few Sabbaths. Children's Day was observed Monday evening, June 13. About twenty girls and boys took part in the service. The singing by the children was excellent.

At the Church of Immanuel, Universalist, Union street, next to the Court House, Rev. Thomas Stratton, pastor, Sunday services will be held at 10:30 a. m., Sunday school at 12, Y. P. C. U. Tuesday at 7:30 p. m. Subject of Sunday discourse, "Change, the Condition of Development."

Children's Day will be observed at the First Baptist church (Sunday). The church will be profusely decorated. In the morning the pastor, Rev. Robert W. Van Kirk, will preach a sermon appropriate to the day. In the evening there will be a concert by the children of the Sunday school.

Rev. Mr. Nickerson, the recent pastor of the Free Baptist church, has accepted a call to the church at South Portland and will leave his pastorate there next Sunday. Mr. Nickerson leaves Rockland with regret on both sides, and his friends and former parishioners will wish him great prosperity in his new field of labor.

The Court street Baptist church, Auburn, gave a reception to its new pastor, Rev. F. M. Preble, also to his estimable wife, on June 15. The vestry was beautifully decorated and there was a large attendance, including several Auburn clergymen. Refreshments were served and the evening was very pleasantly passed. Pastor Preble enters upon his work in Auburn under very pleasant auspices.

Rev. Burton Minard, the evangelist who is conducting the meetings at the Free Baptist church, will probably close his work Sunday. The meetings and subjects for the day are as follows: At 10:30 in the Free Baptist church, preaching service, subject, "Benefits of Early Piety." At 3 p. m. in the Cedar St. church, preaching on "Weighed in the balance and found wanting." At 7:30 in the Cedar St. church, after the 2 o'clock there was a most excellent social service led by Dea. M. S. Leach in which a large number took part. Then followed a sermon by the moderator from 1 Peter 2:9. A good audience gathered at 7 o'clock in the evening and a large number took part in a most excellent social meeting led by L. C. Packard. Then followed a very interesting and helpful sermon by Rev. S. O. Whittem from Isa. 40:1-2. Wednesday morning from 10 to 11 o'clock there was enjoyed an hour of special blessing in a social meeting led by Rev. S. O. Whittem. At 11 o'clock Rev. H. E. Thayer preached from John 16:7-11 a very thoughtful, instructive and helpful sermon. In

Which Half is the Better Half?

The housewife's duties are harder than men realize. Cleaning alone is a constant tax on her strength, a never-ending task. More than half the work of cleaning she can have done for her, if she will, and the expense will be next to nothing.



GOLD BUST Washing Powder

Does the better half of cleaning; does it better than any other way known; does it easily, quickly and cheaply. Largest package—greatest economy.

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Chicago, St. Louis, New York, Boston, Philadelphia.

Maine Central R. R.

In Effect Nov. 14, 1897.

PASSENGER trains leave Rockland as follows:
8:30 A. M. for Bath, Brunswick, Lewiston, Augusta, Waterville, Bangor, Portland and Boston at 4:15 P. M.
1:45 P. M. for Bath, Brunswick, Lewiston, Waterville, Portland and Boston, arriving Boston at 9:25 P. M.

TRAINS ARRIVE:
10:45 A. M. morning train from Portland, Lewiston, Augusta and Waterville.
6:15 P. M. from Boston, Portland, Lewiston and Bangor.

GEO. F. EVANS, Gen'l Manager.
F. E. BOOTHBY, G. P. & T. A.

Portland, Mt. Desert & Machias Stk. Co.

Str. FRANK JONES

Beginning Friday April 1st, 1898, will leave Rockland Wednesday and Saturdays at 5:20 a. m., for Bar Harbor, Machiasport, and intermediate landings. Returning leave Machiasport on Mondays and Thursdays at 4:00 a. m.; Rockland 4:30 p. m. for Portland. Passenger and freight rates the lowest, service the best.

GEO. F. EVANS, General Manager.

BOSTON & BANGOR S. S. CO.

Increased Service to Five Trips a Week.

Steamers Penobscot and City of Bangor.

Commencing Saturday, May 7, 1898, Steamers leave Rockland:
For Camden, Belfast, Bucksport, Winterport and Bangor, at 5 a. m., Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, and at 5 a. m. Wednesday and Sunday.
For Searsport and Hampden Wednesday and Sunday at 5 a. m.
For Stonington, (Green's Landing) Co. West Harbor, North East Harbor, Seal Harbor and Bar Harbor, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at about 5:30 a. m.
For Boston, daily except Wednesday and Sunday at about 7 p. m.

RETURNING

From Boston, daily except Thursday and Sunday at 8 p. m.
From Bangor, via Winterport, Bucksport, Belfast and Camden, Monday and Friday at 12 noon.
Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 2 p. m.
From Hampden at 12 noon, Searsport at 2:45 p. m., Monday and Friday.
From Bar Harbor via water landings, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 1 p. m.

F. S. BURNHAM, Agent, Rockland.
CALVIN AUSTIN, Gen'l Supt., Boston.
WM. H. HILL, General Manager, Boston.

Vinalhaven & Rockland Steamboat Co.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT

STONINGTON AND ROCKLAND

VIA

Vinalhaven & Hurricane Isle

Commencing MONDAY, JUNE 27, 1898, the

Steamer

GOV. BODWELL!

Will leave Stonington every week day at 6 a. m. and Vinalhaven at 7:15 a. m. and 1:30 p. m. for Rockland via Hurricane Isle.

Returning will leave Rockland, Tilton's Wharf, at 5:30 a. m., for Vinalhaven, at 6:30 a. m. and at 3:30 p. m. for Hurricane Isle, Vinalhaven and Stonington.

W. S. WHITE, Gen'l Manager.
Rockland, Me., June 20, 1898.

VINALHAVEN STEAMBOAT CO.

In Effect April 1st, 1898, until further

Notice.

Str. VINALHAVEN

ALVAH BARBOUR, Captain.

On above date, wind and weather permitting, will leave Swan's Island wharf at 5:45 a. m., Stonington about 7 a. m., Vinalhaven about 8:20 a. m., arriving at Rockland about 9:35 a. m.

RETURNING will leave Rockland every week day at 2 p. m., Vinalhaven 3:20 p. m., Stonington about 4:45 p. m., arriving at Swan's Island about 5:45 p. m.

Connections at Rockland with 1 p. m. train of the M. C. R. R., arriving at Portland at 5:20 p. m., and Boston at 9:25 p. m., same day.

Round Trip Tickets, between Rockland and Vinalhaven, 50 cents.

J. R. FLYE, Gen'l Agt., Rockland.

Portland and Rockland Route.

Commencing Monday, May 2, 1898, until

further notice, Steamer

MERRYCONCAC.

J. E. ARCHIBALD, MASTER.

Leave Portland TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, Portland Pier at 6:30 and Boston Boat Wharf at 7:30 a. m., for Rockland, touching at Boothbay Harbor, New Harbor, Round Pond, Friendship, Port Clyde and Tenants Harbor, arriving at a season to connect with steamer for Boston.

Leave Rockland MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY, Portland Pier at 6:30 and Boston Boat Wharf at 7:30 a. m., for Rockland, touching at Boothbay Harbor, New Harbor, Round Pond, Friendship, Port Clyde and Tenants Harbor, arriving at a season to connect with steamer for Boston.

Connections—Made at Rockland the following morning with steamer for Belfast, Bangor, Portland and Bangor; Telesboro; Deer Isle, Sedgewick, Brooklin, Bluntish and Ellsworth; Vinalhaven, Green's Landing, Swan's Island, Southeast Harbor, Northeast Harbor and Bar Harbor.

Time table subject to change.
J. S. ATWOOD, Agent, Portland Pier.
J. R. FLYE, Agent, Tilton's Wharf.

Rockland, Bluehill & Ellsworth Stk. Co.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT MAY 10, 1898.

Str. CATHERINE,

O. A. CROCKETT, MASTER.

Will leave Rockland upon arrival of steamer from Boston, as follows:
Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, for Dark Harbor, Calais, "Black Point, Eggemoggin, Barrenville, Deer Isle, Sedgewick, Brooklin, South Bluntish, "Parker Point, Bluntish, Sully and Ellsworth. RETURNING, will leave Ellsworth, (Stage to Sully) Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 7:30 a. m., arriving at Rockland at 11:30 a. m. and leaving as above, connecting Mondays and Fridays with steamer for Boston.

"Flag Landing.
O. A. CROCKETT, Manager, Rockland, Maine.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

New England to Pacific Coast WITHOUT CHANGE.

1898 adt

Georges Valley Railroad.

Leave Union at 7:30 a. m., 1:30 and 3:35 p. m. arrive at Union 10:40 a. m., 2:30 and 5:15 p. m. connect at Warren Junction with Maine Central.

1898 adt

1898 adt

1898 adt

1898 adt

1898 adt

1898 adt

1898 adt

1898 adt

1898 adt

1898 adt

1898 adt

ALL QUIET ON BLOCKADE LINE.

So Reports a Vessel That Has Come Into Key West.

CUBAN OFFICER AND PILOT ON HER.

They Have Important Dispatches to Senior Estrada Palma of Cuban Junta From Insurgent Commander—Were Picked Up at Sea—No Rice, Maize, Potatoes or Eggs In Havana—Flour Costs Fifty Cents a Pound—Havana Merchant at Key West Tells His Story of Life in the Blockaded City—How Help Is Received, Etc.

Key West, June 20.—A vessel arrived here from the blockade this morning and reported all quiet along the line. She brought an officer of the Cuban army and a pilot, who are carrying important dispatches to Senior Estrada Palma of the Cuban Junta from General Alejandro Rodriguez, the insurgent commander of Havana province.

The Cubans were taken on board on Saturday last from an auxiliary gunboat which had picked them up. The messengers of General Rodriguez give a very interesting account of their experiences. After leaving the insurgent camp they made their way into the city of Havana, spent several days there, proceeded to one of the small inlets in the neighborhood, stole a small rowboat and rowed out to sea in the hope of coming across an American vessel. They were picked up.

The Cubans report that there are no supplies of rice, maize, potatoes or eggs in Havana. Flour, they say, costs 50 cents per pound and the army has been placed on half rations.

The Cubans also report that land is selling at 50 cents, rice at 20 cents, beans at 25 cents and meat at 75 cents per pound, and all are scarce, and they say that all horses of private families, stores and delivery stables have been confiscated by order of General Arolas, the military governor of Havana, for the use of the troops. There is hardly any traffic in the streets of Havana, and no persons are allowed to loiter on street corners.

The street railway company, whose cars are drawn by horses, is obliged to run a car only every hour, instead of every five minutes, as heretofore, as the horses of the company have been taken by the government.

The messengers class as false the reports that vessels have succeeded in entering Havana with supplies. They assert that since the blockade began only three small fishing vessels have entered the harbor, and that no food whatever is received from Cienfuegos.

The Cubans confirm the reports that work on the defenses of Havana is proceeding steadily. Two lines of torpedoes extend across the mouth of the harbor, which is said to be further protected by two automobile torpedoes, one at each side, dischargeable by pressing a button. The only war vessels in the harbor of Havana are small gunboats and the Alfonso XII.

An auxiliary gunboat of Cardenas has been visited by a Cuban officer from the shore, who reported that place to be effectively besieged by the insurgents on land and by the warships in front. He made the statement that in two weeks time the population of Cardenas will be starving. The Cuban officer has his father and wife in Cardenas, and was concerned for them. He described the people as living on palm buds and dog meat, which, he claimed, was considered a delicacy.

Naval officers here say Captain General Blanco has notified the American blockade fleet that hereafter he will recognize no flag of truce.

Another government vessel reports Morro castle keeps firing heavy shells at the blockade squadron. On Friday a 12-inch shell exploded dangerously close to an American warship.

There is through sleeping car service from Boston to Chicago and St. Louis every day by this line and a weekly tourist car to Chicago. At Chicago and St. Louis close connection is made with through sleeping cars to all points in the West. The Wabash is the only line running Chair Cars (free) from Buffalo to the west.

For further information apply to H. B. McClellan, G. E. A., 387 Broadway, New York City. J. D. McBeath, N. E. P. A., 5 State St., Boston.

1454

THE

RAILROAD

Wabash COMPANY.

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WORMS

Hundreds of children and adults have been cured of intestinal worms by the use of True's Pin Worm Elixir.

TRUE'S PIN WORM ELIXIR

is the best worm remedy made. It is a purely vegetable, harmless and effective cure for the condition of the intestinal tract, and is a reliable remedy in all the common complaints of children. Price, 25 cents. Ask your druggist for it. Dr. J. F. TRUE & CO., Auburn, Me.

Special treatment for Two Years. Write for free pamphlet.

WASHINGTON

RAZORVILLE.—The subject for the young people's meeting next Sunday will be, "The Right Use of Time," leader, Rev. J. B. Howard. Roll call and penny collection.

Merle Marr went to Augusta on business last week—W. E. Overlock, who has been working at the insane asylum at Augusta for the past few months, has returned home.

The Ladies Aid Society will have a supper at the town hall next Wednesday evening to raise funds to aid the chapel committee in their work—C. E. Tilton and Miss Irene Jones of Augusta, who have been spending their vacation here, have returned home.

Clyde passed around the cigars at Augusta yesterday. A large number of people from here attended the Memorial exercises at Tugus last week—Miss Ella Jones has gone to Augusta, where she has a lucrative position at the insane asylum—W. E. Overlock, who has been sick for several days, is better—The C. E. Society are repairing and enlarging their chapel. Rev. S. H. Burton of South Jefferson is superintending the job—George Boynton of Augusta was called here Wednesday by the severe illness of his wife—Merle Marr went to Augusta on business last week.

YES OR NO

People Are Respectfully Asked to Answer These Questions Honestly.

Is there anything in the evidence of one's sentence? Can the reader dispute and then disprove local evidence? Can reliance be placed upon statements from people we know? Are the opinions of residents of Montana or Michigan of greater moment than opinions held by residents of Rockland? Would you not sooner believe people living in those states than those in your own city? Answer these questions after you have quietly read the following.

Mr. William McDougall of 49 Thomaston St., says:

"I have great faith in Doan's Kidney Pills. I was troubled with a lame and aching back for some months. To stop or bend caused much pain. A little later a urinary difficulty set in. At first I did not mind it much as it disturbed me at first only once during the night, a little later twice, then soon after it became annoying. I decided that I had better do something before it became worse. I got a box of Doan's Kidney Pills at Doane's Drug Store and used them. I could sleep all night and my back did not trouble me. That is why I have faith in Doan's Kidney Pills and recommend them to others."

For sale by all dealers, 50 cents per box, or sent by mail on receipt of price by Foster-Milburn-Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name Doan's and take no substitute.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the

Signature of

CASTORIA

LIBERTY

Theodore Skinner of Boston is erecting a fine summer residence on Penola point on the east side of George's lake. The cottage when completed will have cost \$4000.

Among the summer visitors are the Pulsifers from N. Y. are several of Georgetown, one of which is a professional teacher of music having taught a number of years in a conservatory of music—Miss Mary Doney, who has recently returned from Europe where she has been travelling and studying, will deliver a course of four lectures; subject her travels in Spain, France, England and Russia—A young Russian lady accompanied Miss Doney to America and is visiting at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Doney.

Miss Carrie Hatch has been seriously ill with bronchitis, but is slowly recovering—Mrs. Mary Cook is now dangerously ill with pneumonia—Mrs. Joseph Perkins is visiting friends in Palermo—Mrs. Avis Morse of Bath and Mrs. Jane Gilman of Pittsfield are visiting their sister, Mrs. L. Prescott—Rev. H. W. Abbott has moved into the Cunningham house in Montville—The schools in the village will close this week—The fruit and shade trees are almost bare of foliage which have been devoured by caterpillars.

MONHEGAN

The catch of fish the past week has been rather light, owing to a scarcity of bait—Mrs. D. M. Davis has been on the sick list for a few days—Dr. Gregory of Boothbay Harbor was called to this place Saturday. He made the passage in his gasoline boat, accompanied by Will T. Mart and son. The high wind and sea gave them a benefit, if wet clothes tell a true story—Two summer boarders registered at the Albee House Saturday—Joseph Starling and granddaughter of Falmouth are in town for a few days visit—Capt. James Hild of Georgetown arrived last week and will engage in the fishing business—George Cazalas' trotter Jack of Clubs took eight one day last week and ran away but fortunately no damage was done.

WARREN

The Children's Day concert at the Baptist church will be held next Sunday evening.

Miss M. Grace Sweet of Philadelphia and Miss Melvina V. Parker of Augusta have returned home for the summer vacation.

Rev. Tillman B. Johnson of Lynn, Mass., will deliver his lecture, "My Old Kentucky Home," at the Baptist church the week of the Fourth, probably July 5. Mr. Johnson is one of the most popular speakers ever in Warren. He comes under the auspices of the Y. F. S. C. E.

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SPRUCE HEAD

Our band boys are getting in some good work these fine evenings and we are thus enjoying ourselves on their account.

This Saturday evening the I. O. of G. T. lodge will hold an old fashioned spelling school. Ex. McKellar will have a set to with some of the younger members and Ex. Godfrey has promised to take the standing man. Mr. Blithen will put out the words from an old fashioned speller not less than fifty years old.

Capt. Albert Elwell and wife are back to their old home for a few days visit. Albert received a call to join the life saving crew stationed near Cutler and has been on duty for several months. If his crew does not get a call to be on duty during the summer vacation Mr. and Mrs. Elwell will visit many friends in the state until the last of July.

A small schooner owned by Snow & Co. of Rockland is full of water and is now lying on Foster's Shore

ADDISON R. SMITH, M. D.
Res. and Office 21 Summer St., Rockland

OFFICE HOURS:—10 to 12 A. M.; 2 to 4 and 7 to 8 P. M.
EYE, EAR, NOSE and THROAT.
Wednesday and Saturday afternoon will be devoted to the Free Treatment of the poor of Knox County.

H. B. EATON, M. D.
Homeopathic Physician and Surgeon.

OFFICE HOURS:—9 to 11 A. M., 4 to 6 and 7 to 9 P. M.
Rockland, Me.

Office and residence 23 Oak St.

W. H. KITTREDGE,
Apothecary

Drugs, Medicines, Toilet Articles.
Prescriptions a Specialty.

300 MAIN ST., ROCKLAND

REUEL ROBINSON,
Attorney at Law

Ex-Judge of Probate and Insolvency.

Office 407 Main St., Rockland, Me.

EDWARD K. GOULD,
COUNSELLOR AT LAW

Register of Probate.

COURT HOUSE, ROCKLAND.

L. F. STARRETT,
LAWYER

407 Main Street, ROCKLAND

Will attend to General Practice with Specialty of Probate Business.

FIRE AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE

Insure your buildings at actual cost with the

MAINE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO. of Augusta, Maine. Insure against accident in a reliable accident insurance company. Finest policies written by

T. S. BOWDEN,
Washington, Me.

Cochran, Baker & Cross,
FIRE, LIFE AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE.

The Oldest Insurance Agency in Maine.

90 MAIN STREET, ROCKLAND

A. J. ERSKINE EDWARD A. BUTLER

A. J. ERSKINE & CO.,
FIRE INSURANCE AGENTS.

417 Main Street, Rockland, Maine.

Office, rear room over Rockland Nat'l Bank.

Leading American and English Fire Insurance Companies represented.

Travelers' Accident Insurance Company, of Hartford, Conn.

REAL ESTATE. MONEY TO LOAN

GEO. H. TALBOT,
Fire Insurance Agency.

The only agency representing the dividend paying companies.

Adams Block, Camden, Me.

JAMES WIGHT,
PRACTICAL GAS AND STEAM FITTER.

And dealer in Pipe and Steam Fittings, Kerosene Pumps, Hemp Packing, Cotton Waste, and a large assortment of hardware.

Steam and Hot Water House Heating.

Agent for BLAKE & KNOWLES STEAM PUMP

DR. A. W. TAYLOR
DENTIST.

OPERATIVE & MECHANICAL DENTISTRY

Crown and Bridge Work.

Gold and Vulcanite Plates full or partial.

Opposite Thorndike Hotel, Rockland

W. C. Libbey,
DENTIST.

Artificial Teeth inserted without plate covering roof of the mouth.

Gas and Local Anesthetic used for painless extraction of teeth.

92 MAIN ST., BELFAST, ME.

Dr. T. E. Tibbets,
DENTIST.

Cor. Main and Winter Sts., Rockland.

C. B. EMERY,
FreSCO and Sign Painter

ROCKLAND, ME.

WINDSOR HOTEL
High Street, Belfast, Me.

Livery Stable Connected. Coaches to and from all

Trains and Boats.

Special Rates to Regular Boarders.

Sample Rooms on Ground Floor. Railroad and Steamboat Tickets Bought and Sold.

M. R. KNOWLTON, Prop.

HOTEL CLAREMONT,
C. S. PEASE, Proprietor.

Cor. Claremont and Masonic Streets, Rockland, Me.

C. D. S. GODFREY WINSLOW W. GODFREY

C. D. S. GODFREY & SON,
Manufacturers and Dealers in

GRANITE

For Underpinning, Steps and Buttresses, and a

variety of Facing Blocks.

Quarry and Works: SPRUCE HEAD, ME.

S. W. JONES,
IRON -& FOUNDRY.

Light Iron Castings a Specialty.

A Good Husband

provides the range that Makes Cooking Easy—

GLENWOOD

S. M. Veazie, Rockland, Me.

GOOD COOKERY

A permanent, original and copyrighted feature. Please send any suggestions or recipes to our special editor, addressed

GOOD COOKERY, Dorchester, Mass.

(Copyright)

My Dear Friends:

I have been on a little trip to modern Gotham, and while there for pleasure I kept my eyes open for business, and did not miss it entirely. Of course, it is not in the line of Good Cookery to tell you all of the things I saw there, but sometimes I think a feast of beautiful things in art is better than the best dinner that was ever served.

We went to the same hotel on Broadway that we always make our home, and as I wanted to get some new recipes for the Good Cookery readers, I managed to interview the chef, and he gave me some excellent things, which I now send to you.

At this particular hostelry I have always found the desserts especially delicious, and this time was no exception. One of the best ones given us was simple, but oh, so good; it was called, on the bill of fare,

AMBROSIA IN ORANGE BASKETS.

Cut four bananas into small pieces, also six oranges; add some shredded pineapple; cover with a syrup made of half a cup of sugar and a tablespoonful of water boiled together until it becomes syrup. Be careful to remove all the seeds from the oranges, as they give a bitter taste to the ambrosia. To prepare the baskets, take fair-skinned oranges and trace out a handle over the top half of the orange, cut the parts not wanted to form it, and remove all the pulp, and as much of the white skin as possible; then cut the top edge of the basket in tiny points with a pair of scissors; put the baskets thus formed into boiling water and let them stand for ten minutes, and then put them in a jar of cold water. When you wish to serve them, wipe dry and fill with the ambrosia; covered with whipped cream. Serve on individual plates.

Another delicious dessert, and one which will be a welcome addition to the table these early summer days is

HIMBE GLACE.

Line a mould with ice cream. Fill with a strawberry mixture and pack in salt and ice, and let it stand three hours. This is simply an ice cream with strawberry mousse for a filling. For the ice cream, mix one cup of sugar, one tablespoonful of flour, and one tablespoonful of flour together; then break one egg into this mixture, and beat all together until creamy. Add one pint of hot milk, and cook in a double boiler for twenty minutes, when it should be like soft custard. Strain and cool, add one pint of rich milk or thin cream, two tablespoonfuls of vanilla, and freeze. For the strawberry filling, mash one quart of strawberries and one cup of sugar together, and let it stand two hours, and then rub through a sieve. Add one eighth of a box of gelatin soaked in one eighth of a cup of cold water, and dissolved in one eighth of a cup of hot water; stir on ice until thick; then add one pint of whipped cream. Put a thick layer of the ice cream into a mould, bottom and sides, fill with the mousse, cover, and let it stand in packing of ice and salt (three-quarters chilled ice and one-quarter rock salt) for three hours. When ready to serve, turn out on a flat dish and cut off in slices. This is one of the finest desserts I have ever tasted.

From a reader of Good Cookery comes some recipes which were used for dessert at a southern hotel last season, and I am sure you will be pleased to get them:

SURPRISE CAKE.

One-quarter of a cup of butter, one-half cup of sugar, one egg, one-half cup of milk, one and one-half cups of flour, and two tablespoonfuls of baking powder. Beat together thoroughly for seven minutes, and bake in two sheets in shallow pans for twenty-five minutes. Spread with maple frosting.

CREAM FROSTING AND FILLING.

One and one-half tablespoonfuls of boiling water and one cup of sugar, and beat well; add enough maple sugar to flavor, and spread between and on top of cake layers.

CAFE PARFAIT.

One pint of thin cream, three tablespoonfuls of pistachio sugar, which will make it quite sweet. Whip the cream as for Charlotte Russe, add the sugar and pack in a freezer with four parts of ice to one of salt and let it stand three hours before serving.

ICED COFFEE.

Fill a glass half full of chopped ice, add one tablespoonful of coffee and two tablespoonfuls of sugar; fill with thin cream or rich milk and shake well. This is fine.

One of the most delicious and healthful desserts that I know of is

PRUNE WHIP.

Prunes are recommended for everyone and prepared in this way are especially appetizing: Cook one pound of prunes

as for sauce with one-half cup of sugar. When done and cooled cut up fine and remove the stones. Whip half a pint of cream and stir with the prunes, then beat the whites of three eggs stiff with one-half cup of sugar and stir into the other mixture. Whip another half pint of cream and pile on top of the other when served in glasses.

STRAWBERRY BAVARIAN CREAM.

Soak one-quarter of a box of gelatin in cold water until it is soft, then dissolve it in a cup of hot milk with one-third of a cup of sugar; flavor with lemon and set away to cool. Whip one pint of cream and when the gelatin is cold and beginning to stiffen stir in lightly the whipped cream and when it is nearly stiff stir in a pint of crushed and sweetened strawberries, and drop the mixture into moulds.

I think you will find these desserts simple, wholesome and appetizing.

Yours Culinarily,

COMFORT JONES, Doctor of Cookery.

PEAR PIE.

Line a plate with crust and rim. Slice ripe, mellow Bartlett pears enough to heap the plate. Mix one-fourth cup of sugar, the grated rind and juice of half a lemon, and one inch of candied ginger root sliced thin. Sprinkle part of this on the crust and the remainder among the sliced pears. Fill the plate, cover and bake quickly.

DRIED APPLE CAKE.

Soak three cups of dried apples in water over night. In the morning drain off the water and chop the apples fine; stir in two large cups of molasses and one cup of sugar. When done, stir in one cup of brown sugar; let this all stand until the next morning; then add three eggs, three cups of flour, one teaspoonful of soda, and one-half pound of raisins, one-half pound of currants, one-fourth pound of citron, a large tablespoonful of all kinds of spices and one gill of water. Bake in a slow oven.

ORANGE CUSTARD.

Cut five or six oranges in the slices and pour over them one small cupful of sugar. Boil one pint of milk and while boiling add the beaten yolks of three eggs and a tablespoonful of corn starch dissolved in a little cold milk. Stir until it thickens, then pour over the fruit. Beat the whites of the eggs to a stiff froth, add two tablespoonfuls of powdered sugar, spread over the custard and brown in the oven. Serve very cold.

PUDDING WITHOUT EGGS.

One heaping cupful of bread crumbs, two cupfuls of flour, one cupful of finely chopped suet, one cupful of seeded raisins, one cupful of molasses, one cupful of sweet milk, one-half teaspoonful of salt, one teaspoonful of soda dissolved in a little hot water, one-half teaspoonful of cloves, and one teaspoonful of cinnamon. Steam four hours and serve with either hard or soft sauce.

FRESH PORK CROQUETTES.

Chop the remnants left from a pork roast fine and add one-quarter as much bread crumbs and one egg. Season with pepper and salt and add gravy or milk to moisten enough so that it can be moulded into pear-shaped balls. Roll these in beaten egg, then in cracker crumbs and fry in hot lard.

MUSHROOM SAUCE.

Melt two ounces of butter in a sauce pan, add one tablespoonful of flour, cook and stir three minutes; add one pint of boiling beef broth and stir until smooth, then add one-half can of mushrooms, season with salt and pepper and cook 15 minutes. Add last, one tablespoonful of lemon juice and serve.

FRUIT CAKE.

Six cupfuls of flour, two cupfuls of butter, four cupfuls of brown sugar, five eggs, one-half cupful of molasses, two tablespoonfuls of cream of tartar, one teaspoonful of soda, one pound of citron, two pounds of raisins, two pounds of currants, extract of lemon. This makes three loaves and will keep a long time.

MOCK OYSTERS.

Mix the yolks of two eggs in a bowl with one and one-half cupfuls of milk, add one cupful of sifted flour, one even teaspoonful of salt, two cupfuls of grated or chopped corn and the whites of two eggs beaten to a stiff froth. Fry in hot fat, dropping in a spoonful at a time.

QUINCE PIE.

Pare, core and quarter the quinces and cook them in water enough to cover them until tender. Use them with an equal amount of stewed apple, and prepare the same as for apple pie, using double quantity of sugar.

NATURE'S COSMETIC.

LIST OF VEGETABLE PRODUCTS GOOD FOR THE COMPLEXION.

In the Earth's Laboratory Can Be Found a Wide Variety of Materials for Beautifying Femininity—Some Queer Identifications and Lotions.

Almonds are very soothing to the skin, and many foreign women use crushed almonds instead of soap for their faces and hands to keep them fair, soft and white. Oil of almonds, also, may be rubbed into the skin at night, and is better than cold cream, especially if really pure oil of almonds, and not a mere imitation. As for the so-called almond soap, it is very rare that the almond has any part in it. It somewhat resembles almond in its odor, but this odor comes from benzoin, which is taken from tar oil and other substances not injurious to the skin, but not so beneficial as real almond powder, a "nut quantity" of which forms a paste in the water, and is a splendid beautifier.

Basil, though not a cosmetic plant, is a skin beautifier, because it purifies the air wherever it grows, and pure air is a skin beautifier. In India this plant is sacred to Krishna, and is named after the nymph beloved by Krishna. It was he, in fact, who changed her into the plant. It is also sacred to Vishnu, and necklets and rosaries are made of its stalks and roots. No Hindoo house is without it; it absorbs the carbonic acid of the air, and gives forth its disinfecting, vivifying oxygen.

Benzoin is a genuine cosmetic of nature. It is the gum of the benzoin tree. The best benzoin comes from Siam. It is the frankincense of the Jews and the incense of Roman Catholics, Hindus, Buddhists, Mohammedans, etc. The Chinese fumigate their houses with it, and, owing to its grateful perfume, vanilla pomade and pastilles are made with it. As a cosmetic it has no superior. A few drops added to water makes what is called "virginal milk," which, used as a lotion, keeps the skin wonderfully soft and fair, and prevents premature wrinkles. Cedar wood in powder or as a tincture is excellent for the teeth, and imparts an agreeable perfume to the breath.

Citron is another substance that can be used with advantage to the face and hands instead of soap. No toilet table, indeed, ought to be without it, and if the fingers and nails are well rubbed in a quarter of citron every time the hands are washed they will never require the manicure's aid. During the day, indeed, it is better to rub the hands with citron than to use water.

Cucumber is another of nature's own cosmetics. Never throw away cucumber peellings. Boil them and use the water for the toilet. Here also a slice of cucumber may be used instead of soap, with advantage to the skin. Dill water is as good as rose water for the complexion, and for some skins perhaps better; it makes the skin paler.

Still another of nature's cosmetics is the elderflower, famous for its cooling qualities. It makes an exquisite wash for the face and an excellent oil for the hair.

Lavender is not precisely a cosmetic, yet a few drops in the toilet water are very refreshing. The hygienic virtues of lavender are well known.

All spices are air purifiers and air coolers. It is a fact that very few epidemics visit places filled with perfumes of spices—cloves, mace, cinnamon, etc. A room perfumed with spices and eucalyptus remains cool on the hottest summer day, and defies disease resulting from impure air.

There is no better antiseptic in nature than musk—real musk, of course. The Chinese use it also to dye their hair and eyebrows.

Good Idea For a Pantry.

A good idea, this, taught in the waitress class at the Pratt Institute: A convenient bag for the butler's pantry, to hold the soiled table linen, may be made of linen, denim, or any serviceable, washable material. It is made of two straight pieces of material cut in the shape of a large bag sewed together at the sides. The opening runs about half way down the middle of one piece. The top has two rows of stitching, leaving a little ruffled head. Between the stitching is run a curtain stick, with a ring screw in either end, which fastens the bag to the door or the wall. A deep pocket is stitched across the entire width of the front side of the bag where the opening is, and is divided in the center. The large bag contains the tablecloth, while the smaller ones are for the napkins and embroidered pieces which are to receive special attention in the wash.

Scientific Cooking.

"People have an idea," said the expert cook, "that when we speak of scientific cooking we are talking of something very difficult, but it is only the application of the simplest principles. Scientific cooking can only be obtained by careful experiment, careful observation, and careful record. When we cook as we would make chemical experiments we shall have perfect cooking—we shall be sure then that a loaf of bread will always be good. There is as much training of the mind from the practice of exact cooking as from the study of mathematics."

When Baby's Shoes Slip.

If the baby's shoes have grown slippery a few lines scratched lengthwise and crosswise in the sole with a knife or a sharp blade will be effective in stopping the slipping and consequent straining of the back.

PLEASE TRY

Cascarets

CANDY CATHARTIC

REGULATE THE LIVER

10c. 25c. 50c. ALL DRUGGISTS.

SHORT NEWS STORIES.

Eugene Field's Joke on Schurz—Kerosene at a Wedding—Two Sophomores Routed—Outbreak of the Civil War.

Francis Wilson has written some reminiscences of Eugene Field. In one he tells how Field, as a reporter, followed Carl Schurz on a political campaign through Missouri. Mr. Schurz was late at a meeting, and the audience was becoming impatient.

"It was suggested that Field make the introductory remarks. Field puffed out his chest, and assuming a supercilious manner and a strong German accent addressed the meeting as follows: "LADIES AND GENTLEMEN—I have such a severe cold that I cannot make a speech tonight, but I had the pleasure of introducing to you my brilliant young journalist companion, Mr. Ezechiah Field, who will speak in my place."

"With this Mr. Schurz was presented, it is said, in no very pleasant frame of mind. The explanation which followed caused uproarious laughter. One can but marvel at Field's temerity, for he was wholly unknown at the time."

"In seeking a verification of this story the following letter was received from Mr. Schurz:

"Whether the Eugene Field anecdote you mention in your letter is literally true I do not now remember, but I should not wonder if it were. He and another gentleman accompanied me on a 'stumping' tour in Missouri in 1874, and he constantly amused and sometimes astonished us with his humorous pranks. The one you speak of may well have been one of them."

A Bit Too Oily.

A Georgia rural editor thus describes an accident that occurred during a wedding ceremony: "The bride, looking the picture of loveliness, stood under the swinging chandelier. So did the bridegroom. The bridegroom was over 6 feet 2, and in bowing his responses to the minister's questions he accidentally tilted the chandelier, which overturned



TIME TO BE ANGRY.

a kerosene lamp, the oil of which splattered all over the bride's dress and the minister's broadcloth coat. To say that a bridegroom was mad would not do justice to his feelings. But he restrained himself and supported the bride to the front porch, where the ceremony was concluded under the stars of heaven. The minister has sent in a bill for his coat, but the bridegroom swears he won't pay it."—New York Tribune.

Two Sophomores Routed.

William Wetmore Story was fond of telling the following tale of James Russell Lowell and himself:

"James Lowell and I were very angry with Webster for staying in old Tyler's cabinet, and, as he was to speak in Faneuil hall on the evening of the 30th of September, 1842, we determined to go in (from the Harvard law school) and hoot at him and to show him that he had incurred our displeasure. There were 3,000 people there, and we felt sure that they would hoot with us, young as we were. But we reckoned without our host."

"Mr. Webster, beautifully dressed, stepped forward. His great eyes looked, as I shall always think, straight at me. I pulled off my hat; James pulled off his. We both became as cold as ice and as respectful as Indian coolies. I saw James turn pale; he said I was livid. And when the great creature began that most beautiful exordium our scorn turned to deepest admiration, from abject contempt to belief and approbation."

Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY, & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Ordway's Plasters Cure Dyspepsia.

Lee's Funniest Capture.

In the raid at Carlett's station, at Second Main street, made by Jeb Stuart, as Fitz-Hugh Lee and another officer entered an officer's tent two Union officers disappeared on the other side.

Several years later Fitz-Hugh Lee was at Willard's hotel in Washington



"I RAISED ONE TO MY LIPS."

and overheard two men talking about war incidents. "Yes, sir," said one, "I have always regretted those two toddlers. We were just in the act of raising them to our lips when the sounds of strife outside caused us to set them down and go out the back way just as several Johnny Rebs came in the tent."

"Lee looked at the speaker. 'Consin Louis,' said he, 'don't be alarmed. Those toddlers were not wasted. I was just in time to see you set them down. I knew you hadn't time to poison them, and as the flap of the tent hid you from sight I raised one of them to my lips—my lieutenant the other—and I declare to you, Lee added to the astonished gentlemen, 'that never before nor since has a whisky toddy tasted so good to me as that one did on that frosty morning.'"

Worth All It Cost.

"It was during our civil war, at a time when a drink of whisky was about the most enchanting thing in life," said Major J. H. Lynch of Louisiana at the Raleigh.

"For a \$10 note, the last cent I had on earth, I got ownership of a pint of mountain dew, in the vicinity of Shreveport. I had resolved on making this pint last me a long time, and had only taken one small nip from the bottle when I saw coming my best loved friend, Bill Beasley, who went into the army from the same town with myself. We had been chums all our lives. As that bottle reposed quietly in my pocket I meditated whether I'd offer Bill a drink. It was a tremendous struggle between selfishness and friendship."

"Finally, affection for Bill overcame my impulse to appropriate the entire bottle, and drawing it out I said: 'Bill, here is some good corn juice. It's powerful good stuff, and maybe a small drink would do you good,' emphasizing small."

"You ought to have seen his eyes glisten as he tilted that vial, and down his throat my precious stuff began to disappear. 'Bill,' said I, 'whisky is awful scarce in these parts,' but he merely nodded his head, and the liquid kept getting lower in the bottle."

"'Bill,' I said, in desperation, 'I gave the last \$10 I had in the world for that whisky.' I thought that might make him stop, but it didn't—no final word and all was gone. Then he gave a wild Conanche yell, flung the bottle away, and remarked, 'By gad, John, it was worth it!'"

Did the Chicken Have It All That Time?

About 25 years ago a Miss Thacker, who was engaged to a Mr. Goodloe, lost her engagement ring. They were married and lived together a number of years, but the ring was never found. A few days ago Mr. Lovelace, who keeps a hotel at Friendship, bought some chickens from the old Thacker farm. When the chickens were killed, the long lost ring was found in the craw of one of them.—Humboldt Progress.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, ss.

LUCAS COUNTY.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & CO.,

FIFTY YEARS OLD

Why let your neighbors know it? And why give them a chance to guess you are even five or ten years more?

Better give them good reasons for guessing the other way. It is very easy, for nothing tells of age so quickly as gray hair.

Ayer's Hair Vigor

is a youth-renewer. It hides the age under a luxuriant growth of hair the color of youth.

It never fails to restore color to gray hair. It will stop the hair from coming out also.

It feeds the hair bulbs. Thin hair becomes thick hair, and short hair becomes long hair.

It cleanses the scalp; removes all dandruff, and prevents its formation.

We have a book on the Hair which we will gladly send you.

If you do not obtain the benefit you expect from the use of Ayer's Hair Vigor, write the doctor about it. Probably there is some difficulty with your general system which may be easily removed. Address, Dr. J. C. Ayer, Lowell, Mass.

THE WAR IN BRIEF

January 24, 1898.—The battleship Maine ordered to Havana.

February 9.—The De Lome letter published. February 10.—De Lome resigns and his resignation accepted at Madrid.

February 15.—Destruction of the Maine in the harbor of Havana.

March 5.—Spain seeks to have Consul General Re called.

March 8.—Congress votes unanimously and without debate for a defence fund of \$50,000,000.

March 28.—United States Board of Inquiry reports that the Maine was blown up by external mine.

April 11.—President McKinley sends his Cuban message to Congress.

April 20.—The Government sends its ultimatum to Spain, and the Queen Regent opens the Cortes with a warlike speech. The Spanish Minister at Washington asks for his passports.

April 21.—Minister Woodford asks for his passports at Madrid and leaves for Paris.

April 22.—War opens with the Nashville's capture of the Buena Ventura and the New York's capture of the Pedro. Havana harbor declared in a state of blockade.

April 23.—President's call for 125,000 volunteers.

April 24.—Capture of the Catalina by the Detroit, the Candida by the Wilmington and the Saturnina by the Winona.

April 24.—Spain declares war.

April 25.—Congress declares that war began on April 21 by act of Spain. States called upon for their quota of troops.

April 26.—Chairman Dingley reports revenue bill to the House. The President adheres to the anti-privateering agreement of the Declaration of Paris. New York's militia called out. England publishes her neutrality. President Dewey's Asiatic Squadron sails from Manila to Manila, and the Spanish fleet leaves Manila to meet him.

April 28.—Congress agrees to a naval appropriation bill of nearly \$47,000,000. Tampa made the point for passing troops for the invasion of Cuba.

April 29.—House passes bill for popular bond issue of \$500,000,000. Naval bill passes the Senate. Spanish fleet leaves Cape Verde Islands.

April 30.—The Spanish reaches New York in safety, and the Oregon and Marietta anchor at Rio.

May 1.—Spanish fleet demolished by Commodore Dewey in the Bay of Manila. Eleven Spanish warships completely destroyed.

May 2.—Commodore Dewey orders Captain-General of the Philippines to surrender all his forts. This was refused. Manila cable cut at 6 p. m., when Dewey was bombarding Manila from the sea.

May 4.—The fighting ships of Admiral Sampson's squadron sailed from Key West, after preparing for a long stay at sea. The Oregon and Marietta left Rio Janeiro.

May 5.—Arms for the Cubans were landed by the tug Leyden, the gunboat Wilmington assisting in repelling the Spanish.

May 7.—Commodore Dewey reported via dispatch boat to Hong Kong that he had taken Cavite fortress in Manila Bay, had destroyed eleven Spanish vessels. He reported the Asiatic Squadron uninjured, and that, while the Spanish loss was very heavy, no Americans were killed and only a few men were slightly wounded.

May 9.—The President called Congress to give Rear Admiral Dewey a vote of thanks and commendation, which was made unanimous.

May 10.—The Spanish Cortes voted the war credits.

May 11.—Major-Gen. Merritt was ordered to the Philippine Islands as Military Governor.

May 12.—News was received of the arrival of the Spanish Cape Verde squadron at Martinique, West Indies. The gunboat Wilmington, the torpedo boat Winslow and the auxiliary gunboat Hudson, while in Cardenas Bay, were attacked by Spanish batteries and gunboats. Ensign Bag-

ley and four of the Winslow's crew were killed, and the town of Cardenas was shelled. An engagement was reported at Cienfuegos.

May 13.—Rear Admiral Sampson reported that he had bombarded the forts at San Juan, Porto Rico, with a loss of two men killed and six wounded, the American squadron being uninjured. The Flying Squadron, under Commodore Schley, sailed under secret orders from Hampton Roads.

May 14.—The Spanish fleet was reported at Curacao, off the Venezuelan coast, and Admiral Sampson was off Puerto Plata, Haiti. The first American report of the Cienfuegos affair reached Key West and told of the killing of Reagan, a marine on the Marblehead, and the wounding of five others, while cutting the cable in Cienfuegos Bay, in small open boats, under hot Spanish fire. The Marblehead, Nashville and Windom took part, razing the Spanish defenses there.

May 15.—The Flying Squadron reached Charleston, S. C. Rear Admiral Dewey reported the capture of the Spanish revenue cruiser at Manila, and that he could still hold the bay.

May 16.—The Spanish fleet left Curacao, and Admiral Sampson's fleet was reported off Cape Haitien. The Spanish Cabinet resigned, and Senor Sagasta was charged with the formation of a new one.

May 18.—The Oregon was announced as safe by Secretary Long, though her exact location was not revealed.

May 19.—Spain's Cape Verde fleet was reported to have reached Santiago de Cuba. Commodore Schley's fleet, which reached Key West Wednesday, was expected to leave for a secret destination.

May 21.—It was announced that the monitor Monterey would be sent from San Francisco to Manila.

May 22.—The cruiser Charleston sailed from San Francisco for Manila, via Honolulu.

May 23.—Troops were embarked on the transport City of Peking at San Francisco for Manila. The British steamer Ardnamhor was brought to Key West as a prize, but afterward released.

May 24.—Admiral Cervera's fleet was reported bottled up in Santiago harbor by the American fleets. The Oregon arrived at Jupiter, Fla.

May 25.—The President called for 75,000 more volunteers. The transports Australia, City of Peking and City of Sydney, with 2,500 soldiers, left San Francisco for Manila.

May 26.—Commodore Schley reported by cable that he was off of Santiago and believed the Spanish fleet to be in the inner harbor.

May 28.—The cruiser Columbia was damaged off Fire Island by collision with the steamer Foscolia, the latter sinking.

May 29.—Commodore Schley reported sighting the Spanish fleet or part of it in Santiago harbor.

May 30.—Gen. Shafter was ordered to embark 15,000 or more troops at Tampa. Santiago was thought to be their destination.

May 31.—Spanish reports were received of the bombardment of Santiago. May 31 by Commodore Schley. The steamer Florida reported landing in Cuba on May 26, 380 armed men, with large supplies.

June 1.—Details were received of the bombardment of the Santiago forts by Commodore Schley on May 31, with the Massachusetts, Iowa and New Orleans. Morro Castle was injured, and the Spanish flagship, Cristobal Colon, which was near the mouth of the harbor, was also damaged. No American ship was touched nor was any American injured.

June 2.—The House of Representatives passed an urgent deficiency bill, carrying nearly \$18,000,000 for war expenses.

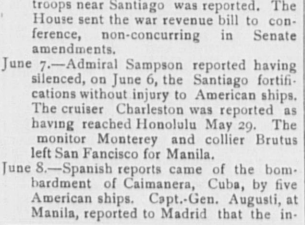
June 3.—Admiral Sampson reported that Naval Constructor R. F. Hobson, with a volunteer crew of seven men, had on June 3 sunk the collier Merrimac in the Santiago harbor channel, shutting in Cervera's fleet. Hobson and his men surrendered and were made prisoners. The Senate passed the war revenue bill by a vote of 48 to 28.

June 5.—Capt. Charles V. Gridley, of the Olympia, who was on his way home from Manila, died of cholera, Japan.

June 6.—Further bombardment of Santiago and the landing of 5,000 American troops near Santiago was reported. The House sent the war revenue bill to conference, non-concurring in Senate amendments.

June 7.—Admiral Sampson reported having silenced, on June 6, the Santiago fortifications without injury to American ships. The cruiser Charleston was reported as having reached Honolulu May 29. The monitor Monterey and collier Brutus left San Francisco for Manila.

June 8.—Spanish reports came of the bombardment of Calinanera, Cuba, by five American ships. Capt. Gen. Augusti, at Manila, reported to Madrid that the in-



Every man watches his balance in the bank, and his balance in his cash account, pretty closely. There is another ledger account that the average man entirely forgets to his own undoing. It is his account with death. It is more important than a "profit and loss" account, for it is a "life and death" account. It is a man's duty to himself and family to look up this account every day and see that the balance is on the right side.

It doesn't pay to let this account run on, and have it debited with indigestion, and then impure blood, and finally nervous exhaustion, or prostration or death by consumption. When these diseases come it means a debit balance with death brought down in the blood red ink of another life sacrificed on the altar of foolish overwork and neglect of health. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery makes the appetite keen, the digestion perfect, the liver active and the blood pure. It is the great blood-maker, flesh-builder and health-forgiver. It makes firm, healthy flesh, but does not produce corpulence or make the weight above nature's normal. It cures 98 per cent. of all cases of consumption, bronchitis, throat and catarrhal affections. Honest dealers don't use substitutes.

"My wife had suffered for seven years with dyspepsia, sick headache and constiveness," writes Mr. Alonzo D. Jameson of Dunbarton, Merri-mack Co., N. H. "We tried many doctors and many kinds of medicine, but all were of no avail. We purchased six bottles of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, which together with the Pleasant Pellets, has entirely restored my wife's health. We cannot say enough to you in thanks for these valuable medicines."

It may save a life some day. Send 21 one-cent stamps to cover cost of mailing only, to the World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y., for a paper-covered copy of Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, cloth binding to cost extra. Contains 100 pages, over 300 illustrations—a valuable medical library in one volume.

THE ILLS OF WOMEN

And How Mrs. Pinkham Helps Overcome Them.

Mrs. MARY HOLLINGER, 1101 Marianna St., Chicago, Ill., to Mrs. Pinkham:

"I have been troubled for the past two years with falling of the womb, leucorrhoea, pains over my body, sick headache, backache, nervousness and weakness. I tried doctors and various remedies without relief. After taking two bottles of your Vegetable Compound, the relief I obtained was truly wonderful. I have now taken several more bottles of your famous medicine, and can say that I am entirely cured."

Nextly, to give it a trial. The result was simply past belief. After taking four bottles of Vegetable Compound and using three packages of Sanative Wash I can say I feel like a new woman. I deem it my duty to announce the fact to my fellow sufferers that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable remedies have entirely cured me of all my pains and suffering. I have her alone to thank for my recovery, for which I am grateful. May heaven bless her for the good work she is doing for our sex."

Skin irritation of any kind, itching, or chafing, is soothed and healed quickly by

Comfort Powder

It is the "queen of nursery and toilet powders." Produces a fine complexion. Recommended by M. J. Dryden, Trained Nurse, Weston, Mass.

Succession had assumed enormous proportions.

June 9.—The House agreed to the conference report on the war revenue bill.

June 10.—The Senate agreed to the conference report on the war revenue bill by vote of 43 to 22. The House set 5 p. m., June 15, as the hour for a vote on Hawaiian annexation. Admiral Sampson reported that since June 7 he had held Guantanamo harbor.

June 11.—600 Marines from the Panther, who had landed at Calinanera, Guantanamo Bay, Cuba, June 10, under protection from the Marblehead, were attacked by Spaniards, four Americans being killed and several wounded or missing. The Spaniards retreated.

June 12.—It was reported in Washington that twenty-nine transports, with Gen. Shafter's troops, left Tampa for Santiago de Cuba.

June 13.—The President signed the war revenue bill. The Santiago expedition, of over 15,000 troops, left Key West, convoyed by warships.

June 14.—Continued fighting at Calinanera was reported. Two Americans and seven Spaniards being killed. It was officially stated that the last transports for Santiago left Tampa.

June 15.—The House voted to annex Hawaii, 209 to 91. The second expedition to Manila, on four transports, sailed from San Francisco. News came of the rout on June 14, of Spanish forces at Calinanera, Cuba, with about 200 killed, the American loss being one Cuban killed and one wounded. The Vesuvius fired dynamite guns at Santiago forts, for the first time, with destructive results.

June 16.—News came of a third bombardment of Santiago by Admiral Sampson's squadron. The Calinanera fort was reduced by the Texas, Swanwick and Marblehead.

June 17.—Admiral Dewey reported from Manila under date June 12 that the insurgents had practically surrounded Manila and had taken 2,500 Spanish prisoners, whom they were holding in Manila. It was reported in Hong Kong that Capt. Gen. Augusti, of Manila, had resigned and that Spanish troops needed food. The Cadiz squadron sailed and the vessels were seen passing Gibraltar bound east.

June 18.—News was received of further shelling of Spaniards at Calinanera on June 17. Influential Spaniards in Catalonia, Spain, made guarded suggestions of peace.

June 19.—Gen. Shafter's transports were reported to have been passed off Nuevitas, Cuba, 250 miles from Santiago, on June 17.

June 21.—Gen. Shafter's transports arrive off Santiago. Sixty U. S. ships in a group there.

June 22.—The House passed a bill to amend the act of June 12, 1897, relating to the Hawaiian Islands.

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"UNCLE JIMMIE"

An Interesting Letter From James Wright of Rockland, Formerly of Auburn.

The Lewiston Journal of Saturday last has a communication from a prominent Rockland citizen, whose wide circle of friends will be pleased to have access to it through our columns:

Some days ago I received a copy of the Lewiston Journal containing a brief history of "Jim Wright's Brass Band," in which some doubt was expressed as to the time of my going to Lewiston. Fortunately I can fix the date to a day, and by the following circumstance:

Daniel Webster's funeral occurred on the 29th of October, 1852. I left Boston for Portland by boat, at about midnight, on that day. The boat had been to Marshfield with passengers, who were to attend the funeral services of the great statesman. The usual time of leaving was about 5 p. m., but on account of this excursion the boat did not depart until midnight. This is the only way I have of fixing the time of my arrival in Lewiston, which was the day after that funeral.

The way I happened to go to Lewiston was as follows:—

I had a friend living there whose name was Kean. He was a moulder by trade, and formerly lived in Lowell (my old home). He told me that they were desirous of forming a brass band there, and would like to obtain my services as "leader." I was then playing in the Lowell brass band, led by Mr. D. C. Hall, and here let me say, that if I ever possessed any merit as a player, I owe it to him.

He was a very kind man, and a great player, and was always very kind to me, and I felt honored when he asked me to join his band.

Flat bugles were the solo instruments in those days. They were superseded by the E flat cornet, and the day after the next I was using very much now and were very difficult instruments to play. The bands now use clarinets and B flat cornets in their stead.

The old fashioned quick steps used in those days were much more difficult, and in my opinion are both of those I hear nowadays, but I may be old fashioned.

There was "Capt. Shepherd's Quickstep," Charlie Poor's and "Charlestown City Guards" and the "Pork and Beans" and others.

The "Windmill" was a "Windmill," called the "Blues Quickstep" and the "Windmill" and the "Black Plume," by Downing, and scores of others.

I remember them all and could play them without notes were I in practice. I have copies of "The Quickstep," now, and if any of the Lewiston or Auburn bands would like to wag through it twice, some hot day, I will loan it to them, it would show them what the E flat boys used to do. There is a bass solo in the piece which is not easy to play when the day is a hot day.

But to return to the "old band." After a few months we organized, obtained some instruments and began to rehearse in the room over the Auburn bakery, (carried on by Messrs. Snow & Libbey, they came from "Auburn" and had belonged to the "Yarmouth Band.") Mr. Snow played bass tuba, and Mr. Libbey a B flat cornet. Charlie Emerson played the bass drum, George Wise the tenor drum, Cyrus Scribner trombone, John Davies a flat tenor, Willard Davis a B flat cornet, E. G. Cutter, B flat cornet, Richard Kean bass. I think there were two members by the name of Kimball, these are all I remember. They were all good fellows and played well for a young band.

Early in the history some one called us the "Bake-House Band," and the name clung to us as long as the band existed.

I boarded for a time at Young's hotel, then kept by a Mr. Pollard, and later, at the Maine hotel kept by Mr. Davies, familiarly called "Uncle Jimmie." I am obliged to him, and they call me "Uncle Jimmie."

My work was on the Lewiston side and the people in L. wanted a band there, so we started one on the Lewiston side of the river. Mr. McDonald succeeded me as leader of the "Bake-House Band," and William M. Long of Yarmouth, led them. They were both fine men and good musicians.

As well as I can remember the band in Lewiston was comprised of the following named men: James Wright, leader; A. D. Haylow, and flat bugle; Andrew Fitz, B flat cornet; Mr. Nutting, 2nd B flat; William Fitch 2nd alto; Mr. Newell, B flat tenor; Henry Fitz, bass; E. G. Cutter, B flat tenor; Mr. Johnson, bass; George Wise, tenor drum; Sam Jenkins, bass drum; Ed. Vossius, baritone.

A little fellow played the cymbals, whom we called "the pony." I have forgotten his name, but think it was Johnson.

These are all I remember. Johnson, the bass player, was a very quiet fellow. He hardly ever spoke during a whole evening's rehearsal, or when we were out playing.

At one time the band went on a concert tour, we were gone a number of days. It was the winter was in the day when we were at the hotel at Bethel, Henry Fitz while looking out of the window saw a horse and sleigh pass by and he remarked, "I think I know that horse. Johnson, the silent, surprised us by saying, "Why don't you speak to him by saying, 'Hello, Johnson, how are you?' then?" It was the only time he was heard to say a word during the entire trip and I think it meets the eye of any of the old band, they will recollect the incident.

There were other members of both bands whose names I do not remember.

Poor Nutting died at his home in Danville. Billy Fitch died in Portland, a few years ago. There may be some others who have also gone from earthly scenes.

I have been leader of the 2nd Maine Regiment band, in the War of the Rebellion, and I enlisted and played 2nd E flat with him.

I sang in Eminger's choir at Mr. Balkam's church and was a member of Eminger's Orchestra.

I was gone from Lewiston on my trip to California less than a year. The members of the Rockland band had heard me play with the Lewiston band, were pleased with my playing, made me an offer to come and lead, and a good chance to work at my trade, (machinery), and I accepted without a moment's hesitation. I broke my heart to leave Lewiston, as I had many dear friends there.

When I came to Rockland my work was not ready for me, so I had two weeks of idleness. I was in the day when we were at Dodge's mountain, which overlooks the bay, and I am not ashamed to say that I was so homesick that I sat down and cried. But I fell into good hands, married the daughter of Hon. N. A. Burpee and with the exception of the time I was away, and about one year spent in Boston, have been in Rockland.

One other little Auburn incident I will mention.

Attended the Rev. Mr. Drummond's church until he left Auburn. We were very good friends.

One Fourth of July the little church where the Rev. Mr. Drummond preached and which was just from the Maine Hotel, where I was first caught fire on the roof, probably from fireworks.

I climbed on to the roof, extinguished the fire, and while doing so was stung by some hornets, which had a nest under the eaves of the church.

The next day the Rev. Mr. Drummond thanked me and told me I had saved the church. He had heard that I had been stung. Probably if it had been a dwelling

house or shed the stings would have troubled me much more, but that as it was a sacred edifice, my pain had been slight. The Rev. Mr. D. laughed and said he was glad I was so ready to acknowledge Providence.

MAINE FIREMEN'S ASSOCIATION

Great preparations are being made for the second annual meeting of the Maine Firemen's Association which will take place at Bath on August 3 and 4. Chief Frank Morse of the Bath Fire Department says he expects to see the affair an even greater success, if possible, than the first meeting which was held in Portland last year. It is thought that at least 12 steamers as well as most of the hand engine and hose companies of Maine will be represented. Among the places which will send steamers are: Lewiston, Auburn, Fairfield, Saco and Portland.

The first day will be devoted to a convention of the members of the association and three sessions will be held. At the forenoon session Mayor Torrey will deliver an address of welcome and the officers will give their reports. This will be followed by an election of officers for the ensuing year.

At the afternoon and evening sessions papers will be read upon subjects of interest to all firemen. Ex-chief Leighton of Westbrook will read one of these papers but the other two speakers have not as yet been selected.

The second day will be given up exclusively to a fireman's muster. In the morning there will be a grand parade with over 2,000 firemen in line. In the afternoon the steamers and hand engines will be given a trial, also hose reels and hose coupling connections.

During the two days there will be an exhibition at the Alameda made by manufacturers of all sorts of fire apparatus.

The city of Portland gave \$1000 last year and Chief Morse says he wants to raise that amount for this occasion.

EAST KOLEBORO

A. S. Winchbach recently purchased a nice span of horses of Mr. Rafter of Damariscotta—Mrs. Minnie Bailey and two children and Miss Ethel Vannoy, who have been visiting their parents Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Vannoy, have returned to their homes in Bangor—Sanford Winslow and wife visited Mrs. Winslow's mother in Union last week.

Mrs. A. A. Newbert saw a large deer near the campground one day last week—Isaac R. Nash, a respected citizen of this town, was suddenly laid Tuesday of cerebral hemorrhage. He leaves a widow and six sons. His age was about sixty-two.

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